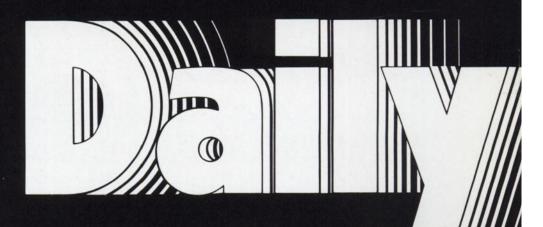
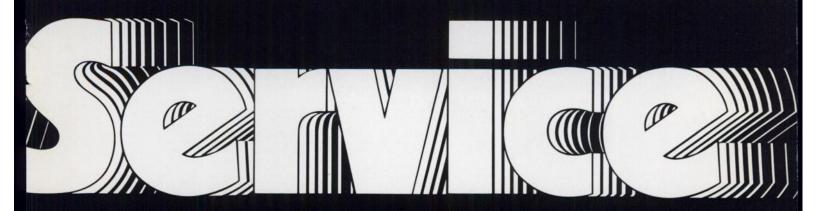
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Two time-saving tests for your lab.: pipette once, incubate for one hour, automatic phase separation, measure.

Contents T 3 kit: 12 calibrating tubes with 3.4 ml thybon® (J-125)-solution each • total activity: 3 µCi J-125 • preservative: 0,02% sodium azide • 12 adsorption tubes • 1 ml standard serum of defined TBG capacity •

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Storage: store protected from light in the refrigerator at +4° to +6° C Stability: 8 weeks at proper storage. The expiry date is indicated on the package.

Order No.: J 5113

1 package 12 tests

Order No.: J 5114 for T4 1 package 12 tests 5

You can increase patient scan capacity 25% or more with a Cameray gamma camera. We can prove it.

We have proven it. On patients. In major clinical evaluation programs.

It's not surprising. Cameray was designed specifically to simplify scanning procedure as well as to improve scan quality. As a result, Cameray will cut the technician's time and increase the productivity of any nuclear medicine facility. Here's why:

> • All controls more accessible - because they are all on the console control panel.

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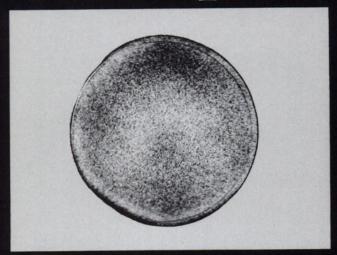
dence in accuracy.

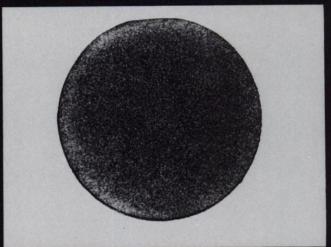
Cameray's uniformity, resolution and count rate are equal to or better than competitors'. And it can be easily updated for whole body scanning in less space than competitive equipment. There are a lot more facts to know about the competitivelypriced Cameray and

what it can do to improve gamma scan efficiency for you. To get full details, contact Raytheon Company, Medical Electronics, Fourth Avenue, Burlington, Mass. 01803. 617 272-7270.



How about a physical checkup for your camera?





It's a simple matter with our flood source, and you'll know immediately if unbalanced photo-multipliers are interfering with diagnoses.

The flood source (1mCi,57Co) is a solid, light, flat disk 13.5" in diameter, precision made to provide uniform radiation over the entire surface ($\pm 5\%$ or better). No liquids to mix, spill, or dispose of, and the camera collimator can remain in place. The checkup is so simple it can (and should) be performed daily.

New England Nuclear has years of experience and numerous products in the field of nuclear instrumentation calibration. Let us send you further information.

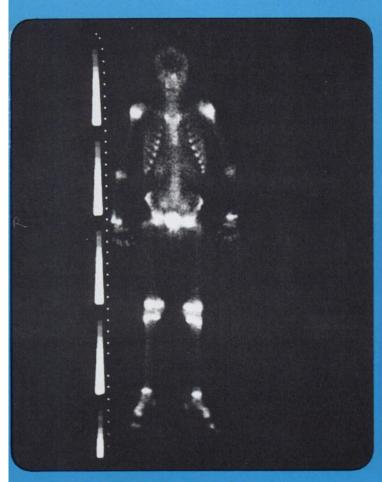


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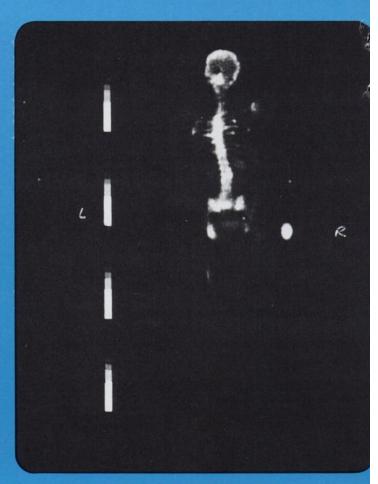
Atomlight Place, North Billerica, Mass. 01862 Telephone (617) 667-9531

Canada: NEN Canada Ltd., Dorval, Quebec, H9P-1B3, Tel: (514) 636-4971, Telex: 05-821808 Europe: NEN Chemicals GmbH, D6072 Dreieichenhain. Siemensstrasse 1, W. Germany. Tel: Langen (06103) 85035

Cleon Whole-Body Imager produces patient studies like these... IN 16 MINUTES OR LESS



BONE IMAGE OF 13-YEAR-OLD BOY, ANTERIOR. SCANNING AGENT = 99m Tc-POLYPHOSPHATE. LENGTH OF SCAN = 160 CENTIMETERS. TIME OF SCAN = 16 MINUTES. ID AT STERNUM = 416 CTS/CM².



BONE IMAGE OF 56-YEAR-OLD WOMAN, POSTERIOR. SCANNING AGENT = 99 mT_c-PYROPHOSPHATE. LENGTH OF SCAN = 160 CENTIMETERS. TIME OF SCAN = 16 MINUTES. ID AT CERVICAL SPINE = 552 CTS/CM².

. AGAIN, AND AGAIN, AND AGAIN





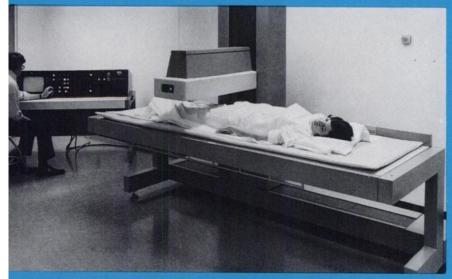






NE IMAGE OF 52-YEAR-OLD WOMAN, POSTERIOR. ANNING AGENT = ^{99m}T_C-POLYPHOSPHATE. IGTH OF SCAN = 160 CENTIMETERS. E OF SCAN = 16 MINUTES. T CERVICAL SPINE = 296 CTS/CM².

AGES PHOTOGRAPHED FROM MAGNETIC DISC STORAGE SHOWING EFFECT OF INCREASING BACKGROUND SUPPRESSION.)



ON WHOLE-BODY IMAGER INSTALLED AT THE NUCLEAR MEDICINE DEPARTMENT. V ENGLAND MEDICAL CENTER HOSPITAL, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, U.S.A.

With Cleon, high-speed whole-body imaging becomes a clinical reality.

Reduced time-to-scan and increased information content are made possible by a single, silent sweep of the 24-inch wide crystal array from head to foot of the patient. Information once recorded can be played back repeatedly for study or for re-photographing with different values of exposure and background.

Clinicians and technologists are discovering advantages that make the Cleon instrument a "whole new ball game" in whole-body and organ imaging: dual detector heads ... rapid diagnoses ... high patient turnover ... easy operation ... less patient discomfort. To receive a brochure and other information, call or write to Paul Theriault, Sales Manager.



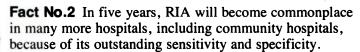
ORPORATION 150 Gould Street, Needham, Massachusetts 02194/ Telephone 617-444-2494

Volume 16, Number 1 9A

Is radioassay testing taboo for you?

If you think the answer is "yes," then radioassay (RIA) must seem like black magic. Fisher believes facts alone will convince vou it isn't.

Fact No.1 In many progressive hospitals today (and in research centers for years), radioassay testing has proven itself the most sensitive and specific method of testing hormones, steroids, and certain drugs. For these, RIA is unequivocally the method of choice.

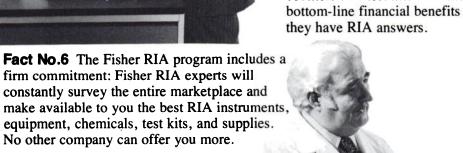


What's more, the community hospitals will appreciate RIA's simplicity, safety, and economy.

Fact No.3 The economics of RIA have a definite dollar-and-cents appeal. What hospital today can afford to overlook that point?

Fact No.4 Yes, RIA does use radioactive material — but in low levels. It's not to be feared just understood.

Fact No.5 Fisher has developed an RIA program that is second to none. Our program leaders are the most knowledgeable and accessible RIA experts anywhere. Ask them about gamma counters . . . test kits . . . initial investment . . .



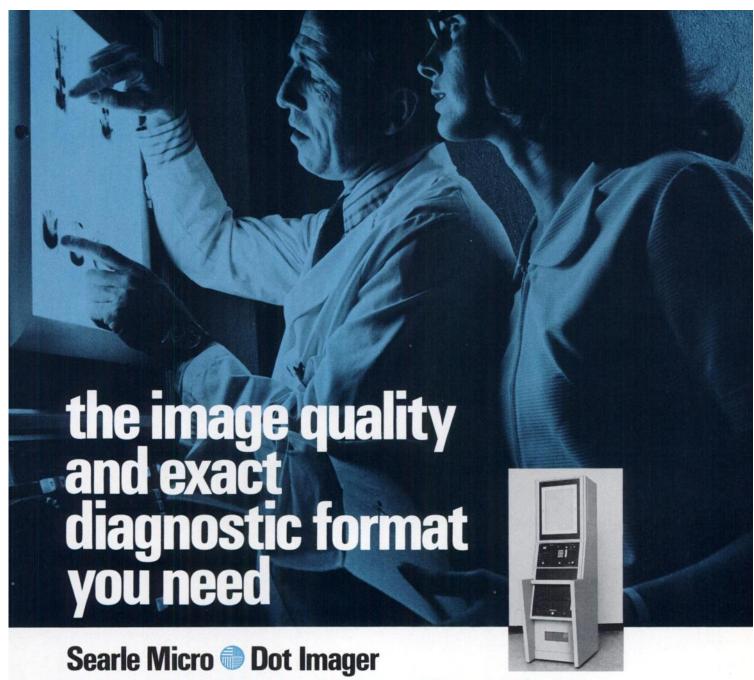
Call Fisher for an informative RIA conference. You have many facts to gain and nothing to lose but your taboo. Why RIA? — Why not!



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Static, dynamic & whole body imaging ... 15 formats, 3 film sizes

The Searle Micro Dot Imager offers Pho/Gamma users a versatile display system for single-organ or whole body imaging using economical X-ray film. Three film sizes and 15 image formats let you choose the exact format best suited for any study. State-of-the-art optics and electronics put as many as 80 images on one film with single-image fidelity. You can even mix static, dynamic and different size images on the same sheet of film. An exclusive, lightweight cassette design speeds and simplifies loading and unloading of film.

The Micro Dot provides distinct, well-focused scintidots in all image sizes; it gives you superior imaging clarity, constant focus and freedom from astigmatism regardless

of dot intensity and location. Absolute exposure control—with pushbutton settings for routine studies—assures correct, repeatable exposures from day to day and month to month in all image sizes.

Designed for clinical utility and operational simplicity, the Micro Dot Imager is the most complete display system available for the Pho/Gamma Scintillation Camera. For more information—including complete specifications—just write or phone your Searle representative. He'll be glad to show you how it can add unmatched versatility, convenience and economy to your laboratory's gamma imaging capabilities.



Searle Radiographics Inc.

Subsidiary of G. D. Searle & Co. 2000 Nuclear Drive, Des Plaines, Illinois 60018 Phone 312-298-6600

epiphora or crocodile tears?

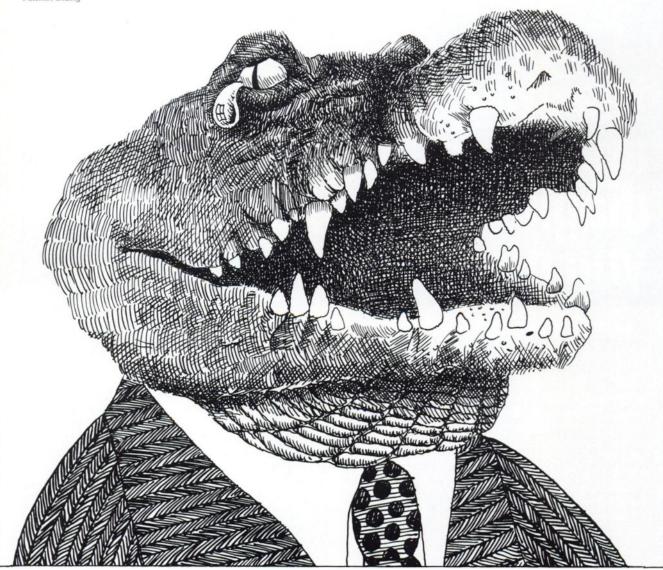
Find out with microscintigraphy, opthalmology's new diagnostic tool to evaluate the patency of the lacrimal drainage system. All your nuclear medicine department needs is the new System 350 Micropinhole Collimator* from Dunn Instruments and you're in business. You simply trace a radioactive tear with the gamma camera. The technique is fast, safe and inexpensive, involving no increase in lacrimation, no cath-

erization of the canaliculi. This means no alteration of the physiology and anatomy, perhaps its major advantage. And, like all nuclear studies, you get hard copy records for future study and comparison. Microscintigraphy provides an accurate physiologic picture making it an excellent tool to study in vivo the dynamics of lacrimal drainage in all age groups. Best of all, it's painless. That's especially important when examining crocodiles.



Dunn Instruments Inc



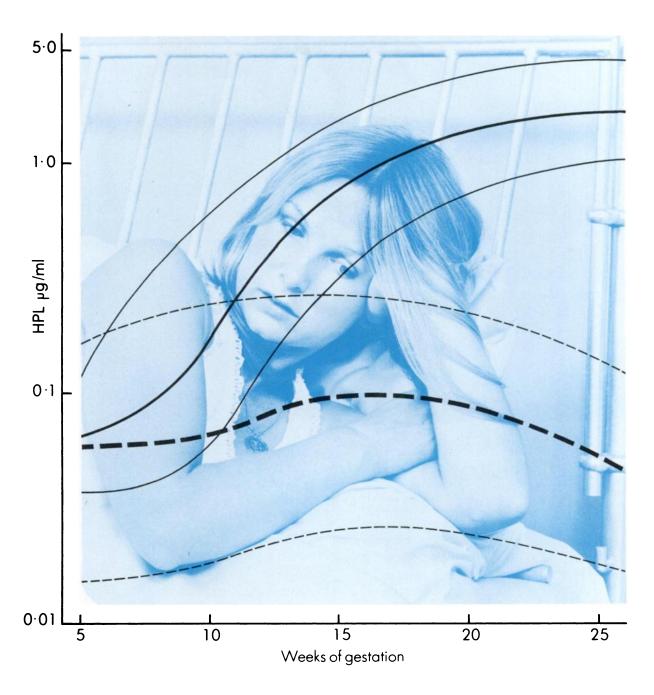


Send Crocodile Coupon to: Dunn Instruments Inc., 52 Colin P. Kelly Jr. Street, San Francisco, Ca. 94107 (415) 957-1600 Yes, I am requesting information (clinical reprints of lacrimal studies included) about the System 350 Micropinhole Collimator.

name address

phone

Early warning or false alarm?



In cases of vaginal bleeding in early pregnancy it is frequently impossible on clinical grounds alone to distinguish between those patients who will abort and those who will proceed to term.

It has been shown that the assay of human placental lactogen (HPL) in maternal serum can often make this distinction. Patients with lower than normal levels usually went on to abort during their first admission, whereas those with normal levels were likely to continue successfully to term. Thus, the HPL assay "can indicate those women in whom abortion is inevitable and could be used

to reduce substantially the length of hospital stay in this common complication of early pregnancy."(1)

Reference Brit Med J, 3, 799-801, 1972.

Human Placental Lactogen a rapid, reliable test of placental function

* no 24-hour collection of urine
* serial estimations easily performed
* no risk to either patient or foetus
Now available in kit form: HPL Immunoassay Kit (IM.68)



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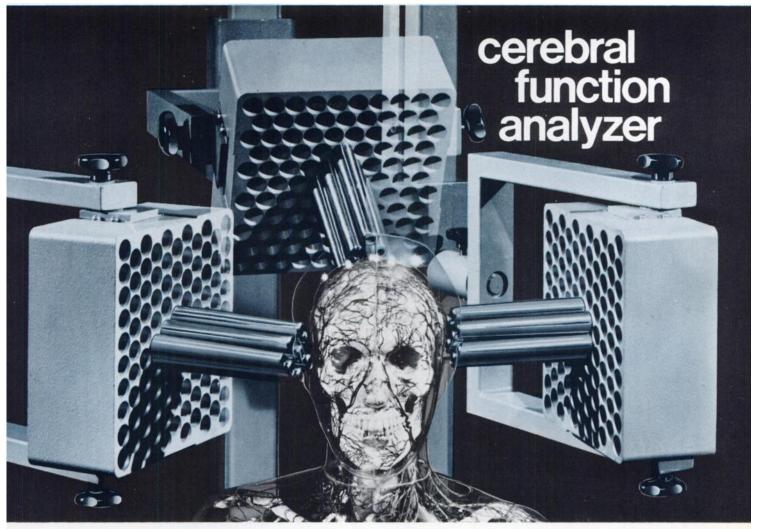
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 - sensitivity.
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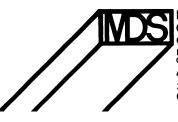
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- Indium-111 CHLORIDE
- Xenon-133 IN SALINE
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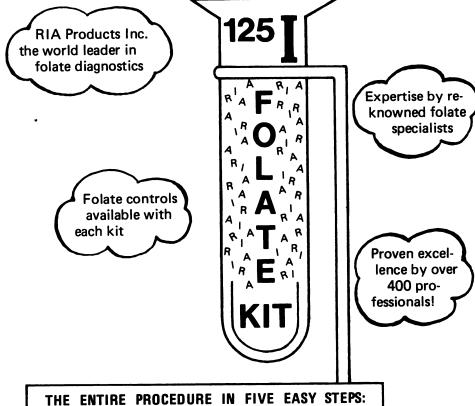
This is our Sodium Diphosphonate Kit which is useful for bone imaging. The kit is available from stock for immediate shipment. It has a long shelf life and is simple to prepare.



diagnostic isotopes incorporated

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Volume 16, Number 1



- 1. Add buffer
- 2. Pipet standards/patients serum & tracer
- 3. Add binder & incubate for 30 min. at room Temp.
- 4. Add dextran coated charcoal & Centrifuge
- 5. Decant & count in gamma counter

AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY

- (1) 125_I-Folate Kit
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Two centimeters, to be exact.

The Searle Whole Body Scintiscan™ is an accessory which adds whole body bone-imaging capability to the widely used and accepted Pho/Gamma Scintillation Camera. Designed for operational simplicity and clinical safety, it can perform whole body and single organ studies with ease and accuracy. The patient-to-detector distance is less than 2 cm for posterior, "under the table" scans, allowing you to perform high resolution studies without re-positioning of seriously ill patients. A wide range of scan speeds and detector apertures lets you optimize total body information, assuring rapid data acquisition and high patient throughput. For more information—including complete specifications—on the Scintiscan, just write or phone your Searle Representative. He'll be glad to show you how it can add whole body imaging capability to your facility with ease and economy never befare possible.

SEARLE

Searle Radiographics, Inc.

Subsidiary of G. D. Searle & Co. 2000 Nuclear Drive Des Plaines, Illinois 60018 Phone (312) 298-6600

REPRODUCIBLE, batch after batch.

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Far safer than strontium agents, our PYROPHOS-PHATE is technetium labeled. It exhibits rapid urinary clearance, low blood levels and it isn't picked up by the liver or intestines. It exhibits 90% labeling compared to the 50% to 70% labeling of polyphosphate.

B. Bock, R. Perez, C. Panneciere and R. DiPaola *J. Nuclear Med.* 14, 380 (1973); R. M. Hopkins, J. M. Creighton and D. R. VanDeripe *Ibid* 409; F. Hosain, P. Hosain, H. N. Wagner, G. L. Dunson and J. S. Stevenson *Ibid* 410; R. Marty and J. D. Denney *Ibid* 423; M. R. McKamey, E. J. Artis and

D. D. Hansen Ibid 426.







Write or call for full information. Our PYRO-PHOSPHATE is comparably priced with polyphosphate and diphosphonate.



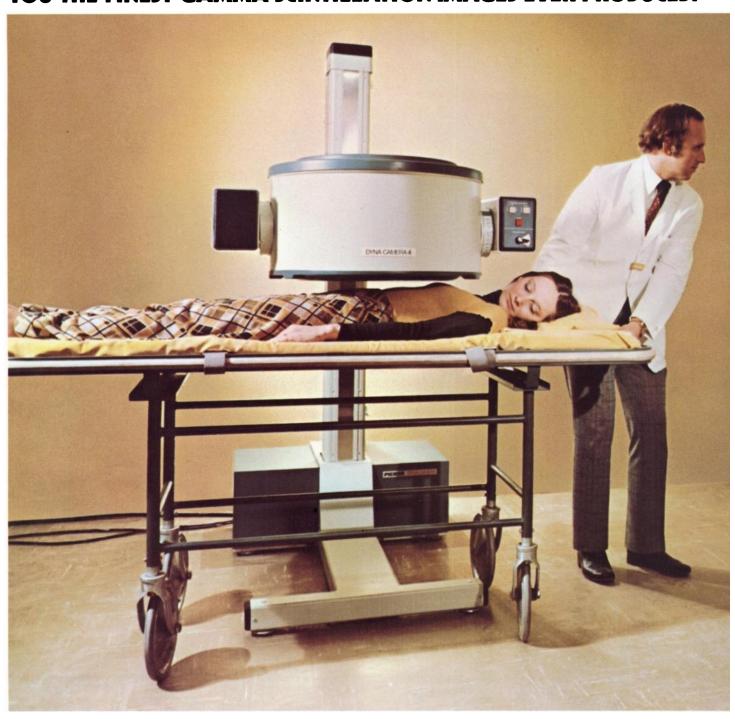
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THE DYNAMIC DUO



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PICKER'S TWO NEW DYNA CAMERA SYSTEMS ARE DESIGNED TO GIVE YOU THE FINEST GAMMA SCINTILLATION IMAGES EVER PRODUCED.



Dyna Camera 3C and Dyna Camera 4 are Picker's two new breakthrough developments in Anger-type scintillation cameras. They combine improved resolution with functional versatility as no other scintillation cameras can. And only Picker offers choice of detectors.

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- ☐ For medical centers and teaching hospitals—Dyna Camera 4 (analog/digital capability with the Gamma II data analysis system).
 But the real virtuosity of Picker's Dynamic Duo

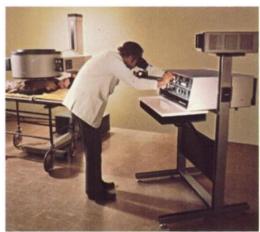
becomes apparent with special-purpose applications:

- ☐ Cardiology
- ☐ Endocrinology
- ☐ Neurology
- ☐ Hepatology
- \square Pulmonary Studies
- ☐ Metastatic Bone Studies For electronic sophistication, high resolution quality and









naximum versatility, Picker's Dyna Camera 3C and Dyna Camera 4 are outstanding. We've got the right combination to satisfy your gamma maging needs now—and way nto the foreseeable future. For full details, contact your ocal Picker office, or Picker Corporation, 595 Miner Road, Cleveland, OH 44143.

Picker's latest scintillation camera design, the Dyna Camera 4 (above, left), provides excellent resolution, combined with a high degree of flexibility.

Picker Dyna Camera 3C, shown (top, right) with Omnivie w table for whole-body imaging, provides even better resolution than the widely used Dyna Camera 2C.

The new Dyna Camera 3C control (center, right) features advanced state-of-the-art electronics for better imaging and much greater versatility.

User designed to provide complete control of all functions for optimum gamma imaging results for greater patient throughput.

Dyna Camera 3C

☐ Large imaging area views any organ completely, including both lungs, both kidneys or an enlarged liver and spleen.

☐ New high-resolution detector produces clear diagnostic images for accurate lesion perception.

☐ Excellent uniformity throughout the entire image area eliminates the possibility of instrument artifacts producing false positive readings.

☐ High-speed buffer circuits combined with efficient collimators provide the fastest imaging possible for minimum patient discomfort and high patient throughput.

☐ Choice of analog or precise digital imaging of organs may be selected with controlled gray scale smoothing of the digital display to best portray the organ.

☐ Calibrated dual regions of interest for delineating and integrating dynamic function data in any selected areas of clinical interest.

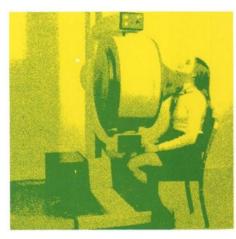
☐ Digital count integration for on-line analysis and quantitation of regions of interest organ profiles, and dynamic function histograms.

☐ Exposures are controlled by exclusive preset information density for highest quality scintigrams each and every exposure.

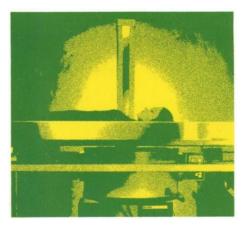
☐ Simplified patient positioning. Large field and built-in storage scope allows technician to easily and exactly position the patient.

All above are standard built-in and exclusive features, not add-on extra-cost options. Dyna Camera's completely integrated system design means lowest overall cost, greatest operating convenience, and highest gamma imaging flexibility.











Dyna Camera 4

☐ High-resolution images, a result of advanced detector techniques producing a clear, sharp diagnostic gamma-image presentation.

☐ High-speed ultra-low dead time using analog buffering and delay line techniques.

☐ Exposure-brightness computer for best exposures every time.

☐ Basic camera at a basic camera price yet includes many unique Dyna Camera features.

☐ Preset information density statistical control for quality data.

☐ Joystick control of the calibrated region of interest for count density quantitation of normal vs abnormal areas of the patient's organs.

☐ Choice of detectors designed to meet general purpose or specialized diagnostic needs.

☐ Excellent uniformity utilizing Picker's patented variable-density thin-light-pipe design.

☐ Built-in patient anatomical landmarking system.

☐ Patient identification on every film. ☐ Joystick control for hot-area or standard-area calibration, the heart of the information-density controller.

☐ Built-in detector PM-tube-

balancing circuitry.

Wide choice of clinical

application collimators with Picker quick-change self-alignment feature.

Completely user designed to automate quality clinical imaging. Hidden panel for the lesser used controls.

For complete details, including information on full line of accessories for Dyna Camera 3C and Dyna Camera 4, contact your local Picker office, or Picker Corporation, 595 Miner Road, Cleveland, OH 44143.





the <u>proven</u> clinical counting system



Solid State Probes



- G.I.
- Scintillator

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2 BASIC STEPS* TO PREPARE FOR LUNG IMAGING



Introducing from Squibb

Macrotec Aggregated Albumin (Human)

for labeling with technetium-99m

Simplest and quickest to prepare of three technetium-labeled lung imaging agents. No waiting, heating or involved routines.

Stable for 8 hours after labeling if stored between 2° C. and 8° C. Won't agglomerate in the vial; loses virtually no labeling while standing. No need to resuspend or rewash after standing. Just shake gently again and inject the next patient.

Uniform particle size for good imaging. Over 90% of particles in the range of 10-100 microns. Lung clearance half time about four hours. High labeling efficiency, high lung/liver ratio.

	COMPARISON OF BASIC STEPS IN PREPARATION OF THREE TECHNETIUM-LABELED LUNG IMAGING AGENTS*				
MACROTEC* Aggregated Albumin (Human)	Albumin Microspheres (human)	Other competing brand aggregated albumin (human)			
1. Add ^{99m} TcO ₄ ⁻ to product vial	Add 99mTcO4 ⁻ to product vial	Shake ampul, open and with- draw aggregate			
2. Shake gently	Agitate in boiling water	Introduce prod- uct to reaction vial			
3.	Withdraw super- natant and discard	Add 99mTcO4 ⁻ to reaction vial			
4.	Add rinsing/sus- pending solution to reaction vial	Shake thoroughly			
5.	Agitate ultrasonically				

^{*}Based on manufacturers' product information

Macrotec® Aggregated Albumin (Human)

BRIEF SUMMARY

Macrotec (Aggregated Albumin [Human]) is a sterile, non-pyrogenic, lyophilized preparation of aggregated albumin. Each vial of the preparation contains 0.08 mg. tin as chloride, 1.5 mg. denatured human serum albumin, and 10 mg. Normal Serum Albumin (Human).

INDICATIONS: For use in perfusion lung imaging as an adjunct to other diagnostic procedures.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: At present there are no known contraindications to the use of this product.

WARNINGS: Radiopharmaceuticals should not

known contraindications to the use of this product. **WARNINGS:** Radiopharmaceuticals should not be administered to patients who are pregnant, or during lactation, unless the benefits to be gained outweigh the potential hazards

Ideally, examinations using radiopharmaceuti-

cals, especially those elective in nature, of a woman of childbearing capability, should be performed during the first few (approximately 10) days following the onset of menses.

Since Par Tc is excreted in milk during lactation.

Since 99m To is excreted in milk during lactation, formula-feedings should be substituted for breast-feedings.

Radiopharmaceuticals should be used only by physicians who are qualified by specific training in the safe use and handling of radionuclides produced by nuclear reactor or particle accelerator and whose experience and training have been approved by the appropriate government agency authorized to license the use of radionuclides

Note Macrotec (Aggregated Albumin [Human]) is not radioactive. However, after ""To is added adequate shielding of the resultant preparation should be maintained PRECAUTIONS: In the use of any radioactive

PRECAUTIONS: In the use of any radioactive material, care should be taken to insure minimum

radiation exposure to the patient consistent with proper patient management, and to insure minmum radiation exposure to occupational workers. Aseptic technique is essential in the preparation

of Technetated (Tc-99m) Aggregated Albumin (Human)

ADVERSE REACTIONS: At present, adverse reactions have not been reported following the administration of this product.

For full prescribing information, consult package

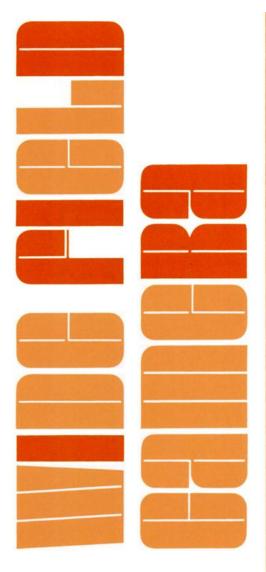
HOW SUPPLIED: In boxes of 5 vials

Medotopes ®

SQUIBB HOSPITAL DIVISION

E R Squibb & Sons. Inc
Princeton, N. J. 08540

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Field of View. The useful field is a hexagon that is 14.5" (36.8cm.) across the flats.

Resolution. With the high resolution low energy collimator installed, 5/32" (4.0mm) Pb bars separated by 5/32" (4.0mm) spaces can be resolved using 99mTc.

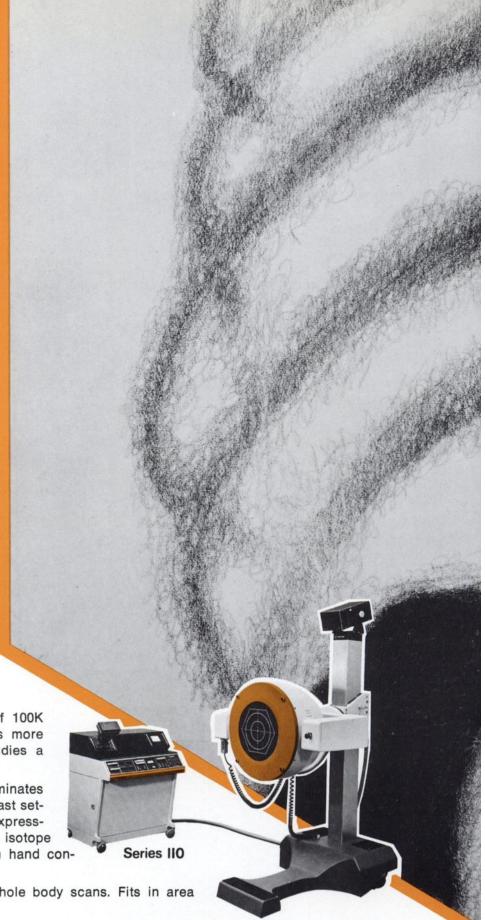
Speed. Maximum output count rate of 100K counts/sec. Performs standard studies more rapidly. Helps make fast dynamic studies a standard practice.

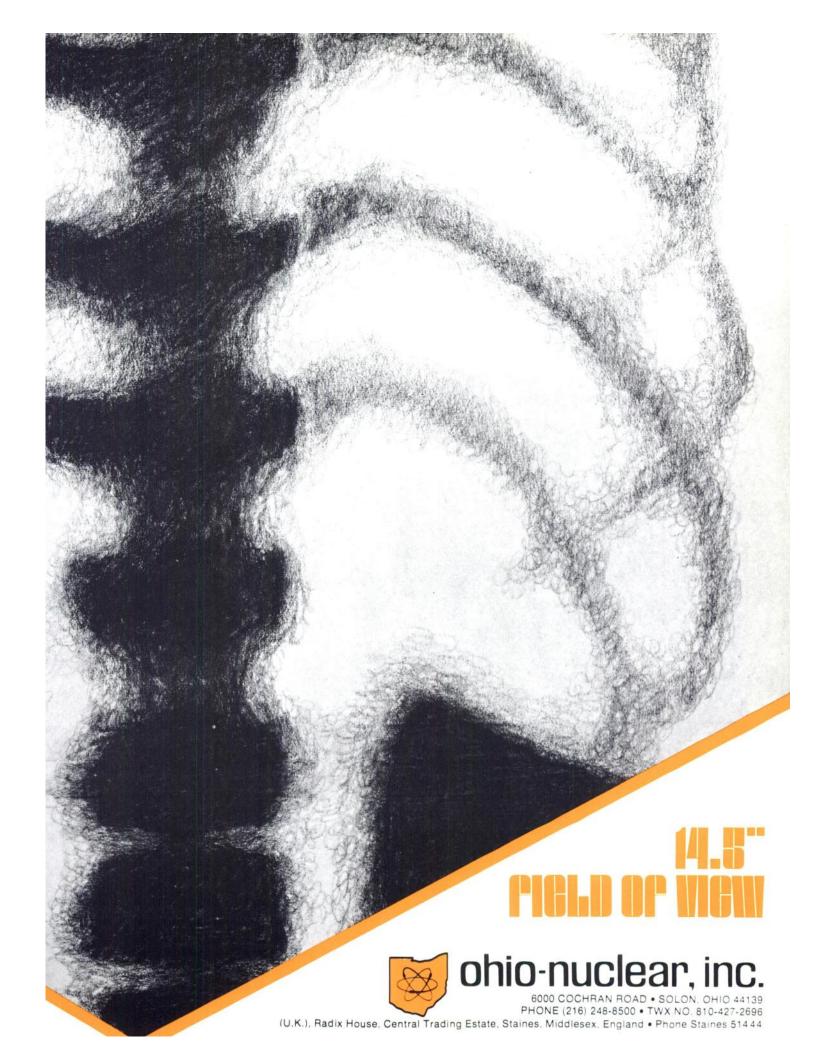
Ease of Operation. 14.5" field of view eliminates need for frequent collimator changes. Fast set-up with two speed-conventional and express-detector motion. Manual or pushbutton isotope selection. Entire study conducted from hand control without leaving patient's side.

Area Scan. Permits rapid trunk and whole body scans. Fits in area 10' x 10' (3.05m.)

Economy. Reduced set up time. Reduced study time. Photomultiplier tube gains balanced by your technologist, eliminating need for serviceman.

Want Proof? Send for our Series 110 Radioisotope Camera brochure, and our Systems Resolution product bulletin. Visit an installation... we'll arrange it. And talk to us. We have something better. The Superior Wide Field Radioisotope Camera. From Ohio-Nuclear.





CEA-ROCHE ROCHE Carcinoembryonic Antigen assay

An *in vitro* test to aid in the management and diagnosis of cancer

CEA-ROCHE as an aid in the management of cancer

When used in conjunction with other tests in the diagnostic armamentarium, this highly sensitive and quantitative radioimmunoassay has been shown to be useful as an aid in the management of the cancer patient

- by monitoring the effects of surgery, radiotherapy and chemotherapy,
- by providing a basis for re-evaluating therapy,
- by determining the probable presence of metastatic disease,
- by providing an early indication of the recurrence or progression of malignant disease.

Decreases in CEA titers were reported to be associated with effective therapy. ¹⁻⁶ Serial determinations of CEA proved to be of value in assessing the condition of the patient during therapy. ^{2-5,7} Persistent increases in titer were associated with a lack of response to therapy or a recurrence of disease; in some cases, the titer rise preceded

clinical signs by as much as three months.^{8.9} Except for primary pancreatic and colorectal carcinoma, titers above 20 ng/ml were, with very rare exceptions, associated with the presence of metastatic disease.⁹ However, metastatic disease may also occur when the CEA titer is below 20 ng/ml.

CEA-ROCHE as an aid in the diagnosis of cancer

When used as an adjunct to other tests and procedures, the CEA-ROCHE assay has provided supplemental information that was of value in assessing whether or not malignancy was present:

- in patients who had signs, symptoms and clinical history suggestive of cancer,
- in patients similar to the above who, also, had certain chronic gastrointestinal and pulmonary inflammatory diseases in which the risk of cancer is greater than in the corresponding normal population,
- in patients who were heavy cigarette smokers and had atypical sputum cytology.

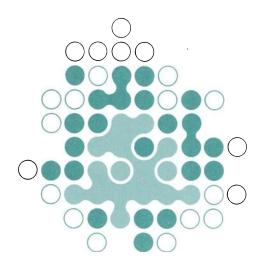
These nonmalignant inflammatory diseases in their active state may give rise to CEA titers above 2.5 ng/ml. These titers usually drop below 2.5 ng/ml when these diseases are in remission.^{6.9-11}

In a special study of 883 patients, cigarette smoking with titer elevations were associated with atypical sputum cytology.¹² Decreases in CEA titer often occurred within 30 to 60 days after cessation of smoking. It must be stressed that test results and data arrived at using the CEA-ROCHE assay cannot be compared with results obtained by

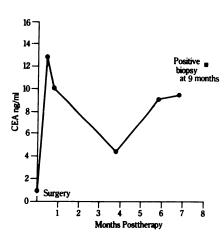
limitations of CEA-ROCHE

any other method or reagents.

CEA-ROCHE is not recommended as a screen to detect cancer. CEA titers are not an absolute test for malignancy, nor for a specific type of malignancy. In the management and diagnosis of the patient suspected or known to have cancer, all other tests and procedures must continue to be given emphasis. CEA titers less than 2.5 ng/ml are not proof of the absence of malignant disease.



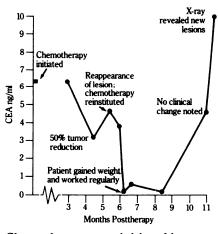
representative case history of patient being treated for malignancy without known metastases



A 42-year-old woman presented with a squamous-cell anal carcinoma. CEA-ROCHE level at time of surgery was 0.6 ng/ml. CEA titer rose to 12.6 ng/ml 10 days later and was still 9.8 ng/ml 20 days after surgery. Upon discharge three months later CEA level was 4.1 ng/ml and there was no clinical evidence of disease. Six weeks later titer had risen to 8.8 ng/ml

and then to 9.3 ng/ml after another 30 days without any clinical sign of disease. Patient was hospitalized three months later and biopsy was positive for recurrence of cancer. In spite of initial low CEA value preoperatively, titer levels accurately reflected patient's condition and gave evidence of recurrence some 4 months prior to clinical signs.

representative case history of patient being treated for malignancy with metastases



Chemotherapy was initiated in a 37-year-old man presenting with

synovial sarcoma and metastases to the lungs. The first CEA-ROCHE titer was performed three months later. Titer level was 6.2 ng/ml. In six weeks CEA titer dropped to 3.0 ng/ml and a 50% reduction of tumor in the right upper lobe of the lung was noted. One month later titer rose to 4.6 ng/ml and there was a reappearance of a left upper lung lesion.

Chemotherapy was reinstituted and assays run at 2, 3, 5, 12 and 20 weeks. There was no change in radiologicappearance of metastases. Patient gained weight and worked regularly. The CEA titers during this period were 3.8, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0 and 4.6 ng/ml respectively. One and one-half weeks later, CEA titer rose to 10.0 ng/ml and a review of x-ray films revealed appearance of new lesions.

The above representative case histories, using actual CEA-ROCHE titer readings and timing of assays, illustrate the correlation of results with published clinical studies.

CEA-ROCHE Carcinoembryonic Antigen assay

A significant contribution to the management and diagnosis of cancer

availability of **CEA-ROCHE**

The CEA-ROCHE™ assay may be obtained through your hospital, institutional and private clinical laboratory obtaining the necessary reagents and procedure in a kit developed by Roche Diagnostics or as a direct reference service of Roche Clinical Laboratories, Inc.

And, as with all our pharmaceutical agents, this assay may be obtained for your patients who are unable to afford it through the Roche Indigent Patient Program.

comprehensive information available

Because of the clinical significance of CEA-ROCHE and the critical area of medicine involved, a comprehensive Clinical Monograph containing in-depth information on the nature of the assay, its applications and interpretation as well as an extensive summary of the collaborative study has been prepared.

It is recommended that this brochure be consulted before ordering or interpreting the CEA assay. You may obtain a copy by completing and returning the coupon below.

references

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 11. Moore TL, et al: JAMA 222:944-947, 1972
 12. Hansen HJ, et al: Human Pathology, In Press

☐ Please send me the CEA-ROCHE Clinical Monograph, an in-depth brochure on this test. ☐ I would like (name of hospital or private clinical labora- tory) to perform CEA-ROCHE testing. ☐ I would like Roche Clinical Labora- tories, Inc. to perform CEA-ROCHE testing in my practice. Please send me information in this regard.	ROCHE DIAGNOSTICS Division of Hoffmann-La Roche Inc. Nutley, New Jersey 07110
Dr	RCL
Address	Roche Clinical Laboratories, Inc. Five Johnson Drive Raritan, New Jersey 08869
Please return to Roche, P.O. Box 282, Nutley,	N. J. 07110 CA-6K

Introducing the lung imaging agent for pulmonary scintigraphy that needs no introduction



LungaggregateTM Reagent

Aggregated Albumin (Human)

For over two years Medi+Physics has been conducting clinical trials on Lungaggregate™ Reagent. The manufacturing process and the resulting product are time-tested and dependable.

Excellence of imaging quality has been confirmed by clinical studies in more than 4,000 patients. There were no reported adverse reactions. See the last page for full product information which lists all indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, adverse reactions, dosage, and administration in the use of this material.

Lungaggregate™ Reagent tagging efficiency is consistent, and consistently high—over 90%. There is virtually no label loss for 24 hours.

As for uniformity of size, over 90% of the particles have a mean diameter of 10 to 90 microns; less than 1% have a mean diameter over 100 microns; and none have been observed greater than 150 microns.

Preparing Lungaggregate[™] Reagent is simply and quickly done—it is an aqueous suspension.

One lung imaging agent offers all of these advantages:

Imaging excellence

Soft albumin particles with rapid lung clearance—4.77 hours biological half-time

High tagging efficiency—greater than 90%

Compatibility with most sources of oxidant-free Tc 99m sodium pertechnetate solutions

Controlled particle size - 90% are within the 10 to 90-micron range

Clinical proof - over 4,000 patient studies

Simplicity and speed of preparation

Six-month shelf life

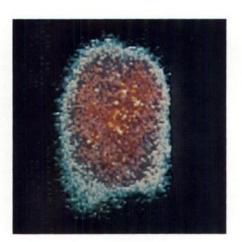
Available from nine Medi + Physics regional distribution centers



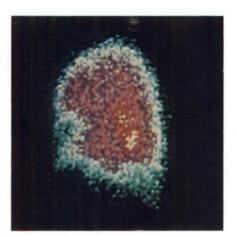
Anterior



Posterior



Right Lateral



Left Lateral

Lung images demonstrating a perfusion defect after intravenous injection of 3.5 mCi of technetated (Tc 99m) aggregated albumin (human).

Counts collected —413,000 to 419,000 per view.
Lung imaging time—160 seconds on posterior and lateral views. 208 seconds on anterior view.
(Complete data are available on request from Medi+Physics)



Lungaggregate™Reagent

Aggregated Albumin (Human)

1. Name: Aggregated Albumin (Human) for Intravenous Injection after Labeling with Sodium Pertechnetate Tc 99m. Lungaggregate¹⁰ Reagent.
2. Description and Ingredients: Lungaggregate¹⁰ Reagent is prepared from albumin from human plasma nonreactive when tested for hepatitis associated (Australia) antigen (less than 1.0 mg of human serum albumin per ml), stannous chloride (less than 1.0 mg of human serum albumin per ml), stannous chloride (less than 1.0 to 6.0, and 2% benzy) alcohol added as a preservative. Each lot of Lungaggregate¹⁰ Reagent meets the following specifications prior to release.

preservative. Each lot of Lungaggregate¹¹⁴ Reagent meets the following specifications prior to release.

2.1 Size distribution — over 90% of the counted particles have a mean diameter of 10-90 μm, less than 1% have a mean diameter over 100 μm and no particles observed have a mean diameter greater than 150 μm.

2.2 Particle density — 300,000 to 600,000/ml

venous administration in rats.

3. Method of Preparation:
(NOTE! Aseptic technique must be used in the following preparation to
minimize the possibility of contamination with micro-organisms.)

3.1 Record on the mixing vial label, shield label, and record labels the
time and date of preparation, the volume of Lungaggregate™ Reagent
and Tc 99m volume, activity, and calibration time to be added to the
mixing viale.

mixing vial.

3.2 Shake the aggregate amoul vigorously to suspend particles.

mixing viai.

3.2 Shake the aggregate ampul vigorously to suspend particles.

3.3 Open the ampul.

3.4 Withdraw (very slowly) 1.5 to 2.0 ml of aggregate from the ampul using a syringe with an 18 to 21 gauge needle.

3.5 Inject (very slowly) the syringe contents into the mixing viai.

3.6 Wrap the mixing viai in an absorbent paper disc and place it in the lead shield. Place the completed shield label on the lead shield.

3.7 Add 0.5 to 2.0 ml of oxidant-free Tc 99m-pertechnetate in saline into the shielded mixing viai, shake vigorously for at least 30 seconds, and incubate contents at room temperature for 30 minutes. (The total amounts of Reagent and Tc 99m-pertechnetate solutions added must be least than 3.5 ml since this is the maximum capacity of the mixing viai. Moreover, the total Tc 99m activity used must be such that at the time of use of the product the patient dose consisting of 1 to 4 mCi activity must contain 0.1 to 1.5 ml of Reagent.) Use of Sodium Pertechnetate Tc 99m having a maximum specific concentration of 25 mCi/ml is recommended.

3.8 Retain record label as documentation for completed preparation procedure.

3.8 Retain record label as documentation for completed preparation procedure.
4. Actions (Clinical Pharmacology):
When macroaggregated human serum albumin (particle size greater than 10 µm) is injected intravascularly, it lodges in the first arteriolarcapillary bed it resches, and the relative distribution of the macroaggregates is a measure of the relative blood flow to these vascular beds. If a particular vascular bed is occluded, as is seen in the lung following pulmonary embolization, then the tissue having a compromised blood supply fails to show accumulation of radioisotope in contrast to surrounding normally perfused tissue. Radioisotopically labeled macroaggregated albumin has thus proven useful in evaluating perfusion of the lungs and to a lesser extent other organs in which the aggregates may be introduced into their afferent blood supply.
5. Indications:

moleculoris: Imaging of regional pulmonary perfusion in the presence of clinically suspected regional pulmonary ischemia, such as is seen with pulmon emboli, neoplasms and obstructive lung disease.

The presence of large right to left cardiovascular shunts which could The presence of large right to left cardiovascular shunts which could allow intravenously administered macroaggregates to directly enter the systemic circulation is a contraindication for the use of macroaggregates. Particulate material such as macroaggregated albumin should not be administered to patients with cyanosis or with evidence of severe restriction to pulmonary blood flow such as may be present in pulmonary hypertension of various etiologies. This agent should not be administered to pregnant or lactating women, or to patients under eighteen years of age unless the expected benefits to be gained from the study are critically judged to outweigh the risks involved.

7. Warmines:

7. Warnings: Whenever protein-containing materials such as Tc 99m labeled Lung-aggregate™ are administered to man, especially when administered repeatedly, there is a possibility that hypersensitivity reactions may occur. Epinephrine, antihistamines and corticosteroid drugs should be readily available whenever this product is administered.

occur. Epinephrine, antihistamines and corticosteroid drugs should be readily available whenever this product is administered.

8. Precautions:
The precautions associated with the use of Tc 99m labeled Lungaggregate¹¹ are thought to be the same as those associated with the use of radioactive material with similar physical and chemical properties. Appropriate procedures should be used to minimize exposure to the patient and all attending personnel. Thus, the dose of the Tc 99m labeled Lungaggregate¹¹ used in a given patient should be the minimum necessary to achieve useful information for the clinically indicated study and for the kind of radiation detection devices employed. To insure the integrity of the labeled soft macroaggregate of this agent, it is emphasized that needles of 18 to 21 gauge should be used for preparing or administering this diagnostic agent. The injection should be made slowly to prevent disruption of the aggregates. In any case, once the preparation is withdrawn from the vial it should be administered promptly to avoid settling and clumping of the aggregate particles. One should also evoid aspirating blood and tissue fluids into the syringe in a manner which could promote the formation of small clots. Some users have successfully circumvented this latter situation by infusing a small amount of sterile saline intravenously and then giving the troops of the analysis of administering this agent because of the well known tendency of fibrin accumulations in and about such intravascularly placed devices. Only authorized physicians and personnel who have adequate training in the proper use and safe handling and disposal of radio-pharmaceuticals should use this product.

9. Adverse Reactions:
Although no adverse reactions attributable to the reagent were reported in approximately 4,000 reported patient studies using Tc 99m labeled Lungaggregate¹M Reagent (see Section 12 Clinical Studies), and while no adverse reactions are anticipated relative to its use, one cannot completely discount the possibility of such an occurrence. Hypersensitivity to the agent and intolerance to any degree of particle-induced pulmonary capillary blockade may possibly result in adverse reactions. Fatal reactions have been reported following administration of other preparations of macroaggregated human serum albumins (1.2.3).
10. Desage and Administration Procedure:
10.1 Administer 1 to 4 mCl of Tc 99m labeled macroaggregated albumin a volume containing no less than 0.1 mi and no more than 1.5 ml of the Lungaggregate¹M Reagent to a patient in a single study.
10.2 Prepare patient for the study and for intravenous injection before withdrawing dose from the mixing vial vigorously just before removing alliquot intended for patient use.

10.3 Shake contents of the mixing vial vigorously just before removing aliquot intended for patient use.
10.4 Withdraw (very slowly) the calculated dosage and volume from vial into a syringe using an 18 to 21 gauge needle.
10.5 Inject dose intravenously promptly after withdrawal from vial.
Avoid drawing blood or tissue fluids into syringe in a manner which would enhance clotting.
10.6 Image immediately after I.V. injection.
10.7 Store remainder of preparation in the mixing vial under refrigeration (Do Not Freeze), protected from light. It may be used up to 24 hours after time of preparation. Discard after 24 hours from time of preparation.

preparation.
10.8 Disposal methods must comply with prevailing drug and radioactive waste disposal regulations.
11. Radiation Doslmetry:
Based on human whole body in vivo distribution kinetics of intravenous
ly administered Tc 99m labeled Lungaggregate™ described in Section
12, Dr. E. M. Smith* calculated the radiation dose to various organs of
a standard 70 Kg man using the absorbed fraction method. The results
of these calculations follow.

Absorbed Dose in Rads

Absorbed Dose in Rads

	1 mCi Tc 99m	4 mCi Tc 99m
Organ	Administered	Administered
Liver	0.080	0.320
Lung	0.190	0.760
Spleen	0.060	0.240
Total Body	0.011	0.044
Ovaries	0.007	0.018
Red Marrow	0.011	0.044
Testes	0.004	0.016
°Edward M. Smith, S	cD., Miami, Florida	

Collinical Studies:

12. Clinical Studies:

12. Clinical Studies:

13. Clinical Studies:

14. Clinical Studies:

15. Clinical Studies:

16. Clinical Studies:

16. Clinical Studies:

17. Clinical Studies:

18. Clinical Studies:

1

causally related to the administration of this agent.

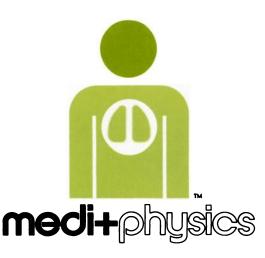
13. Licensing:
To 99m labeled LungaggregateTM Reagent may be used only by physicians licensed for such use. Such licensing should be obtained from the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission in AEC Regulated States and Federal medical facilities and from delegated state authorities in all other states.

states.

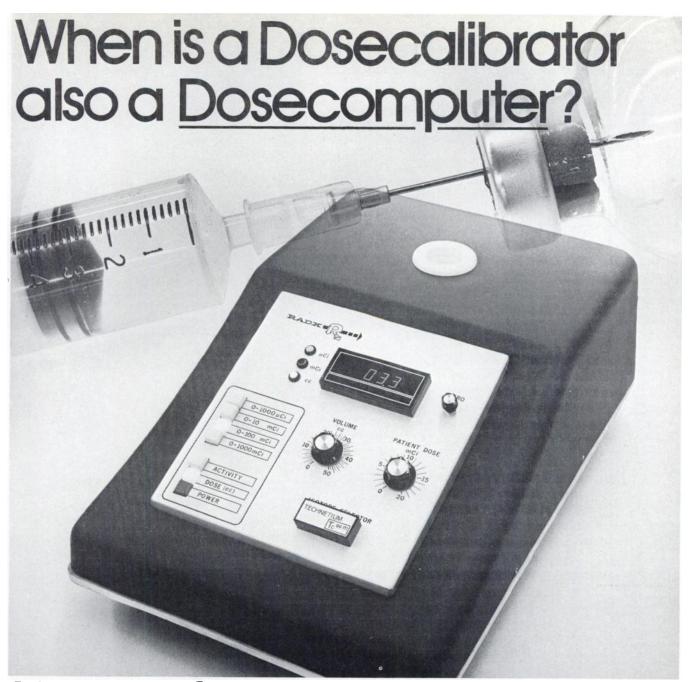
**Wagner, H. N., Jr., Radiology, 91:1235, 1968.

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**Yincent, William R., et al, Goldberg, S. J., Desilets, D., Radiology, 91:1181-1180, 1968.



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When it's a R4DX Mark V.

The RADX Mark V was designed specifically for Nuclear Medicine departments, with digital read-out and an oversize well-type ionization chamber for high statistical accuracy. No geometric errors. Impervious to barometric pressure changes.

Only the RADX Mark V dosecalibrator measures the activity of radionuclides from 1 µCi to 1000 mCi, then computes the exact volume needed for patient injection.

Programming the Mark V for various isotopes is error-free. You simply plug in a module for the isotope you are assaying. The Mark V may be customized to your specific needs by acquiring only the modules corresponding to the isotopes you are currently using. However

additional modules may be added at any time. Updating is simple and economical.

And as if all of this were not enough, RADX recognizes that a day without your Mark V is like a day without sunshine. If during the warranty period, your Mark V does not perform within stated specifications, RADX will air express you a loaner to use while yours is being repaired—at no charge.

Then consider that the Mark V costs much less than other dosecalibrators that do not provide all of these features. Now call RADX.



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Volume 16, Number 1 37A



we've just made a good test easier.

Don't separate both parts of the Schilling test by three days. With Dicopac both parts are performed at the same time. The results are derived in less time, because the two labelled forms of vitamin B₁₂ (free cyanocobalamin Co-58 and cyanocobalamin Co-57 bound to [human] gastric juice) are administered simultaneously.

The results are expressed as a percentage of each nuclide excreted and, more importantly, as a ratio of Co-57 to Co-58. An incomplete urine collection will affect the absolute amounts of each nuclide collected, but not the ratio of Co-57 to Co-58. Therefore, the test is not necessarily invalidated by incomplete urine collection.

For convenience, the flushing dose of unlabelled vitamin B₁₂ (1 mg) is supplied in individual single dose ampules.

For more detailed information, please refer to the next page of this advertisement or contact our Customer Service Department.

Dicopac for diagnosis of vitamin B₁₂ malabsorption.



DESCRIPTION: Each Dicopac® Kit consists of five single-test cylinders, a vial of Cobalt 57 (Co 57) standard, and a vial of Cobalt 58 (Co 58) standard. Each test cylinder contains a capsule of cyanocobalamin Co 58 (vitamin B₁₂ Co 58), a capsule of cyanocobalamin Co 57 (vitamin B₁₂ Co 57) bound to human gastric juice, and an ampule of unlabelled cyanocobalamin for injection.

ACTIONS: Oral vitamin B_{12} is normally coupled with intrinsic factor (IF) contained in the gastric juice secreted by the stomach and the vitamin B_{12} combined with intrinsic factor is absorbed in the terminal ileum. Only intrinsic factor bound vitamin B_{12} is absorbed by this route. Following parenteral administration or gastrointestinal absorption, cyanocobalamin is bound to plasma proteins and distributed to the liver and blood forming organs.

INDICATIONS: Dicopac Kit consisting of cyanocobalamin Co 58 and cyanocobalamin Co 57 combined with human intrinsic factor is used to assess vitamin B₁₂ absorption in the diagnosis of malabsorption due to the lack of intrinsic factor, e.g. Addisonian (permicious) anemia, and as a diagnostic adjunct in other defects of intestinal absorption.

CONTRAINDICATIONS None

WARNINGS: This radiopharmaceutical should not be administered to patients who are pregnant or during lactation unless the information to be gained outweighs the potential hazards.

Ideally, examinations using radiopharmaceuticals, especially those elective in nature, on a woman of childbearing capability should be performed during the first few (approximately 10) days following onset of menses.

Radiopharmaceuticals should be used only by physicians who are qualified by specific traiming in the safe use and handling of radionuclides produced by nuclear reactor or particle accelerator and whose experience and training have been approved by the appropriate government agency authorized to license the use of radionuclides.

PRECAUTIONS: As in the use of any other radioactive material, care should be taken to insure minimum radiation exposure to the patient, consistent with proper patient management, and to insure minimum radiation exposure to occupational workers.

The test should not be started within 24 hours of a therapeutic dose (1000 μ g) of vitamin B₁₂ or within 24 hours of a loading dose of vitamin B₁₂ given for the Schilling test.

If bone marrow examinations are to be done, they should precede the administration of this test, as the flushing parenteral dose of vitamin $B_{\rm 12}$ may alter the bone marrow picture.

ADVERSE REACTIONS None

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION: One purple/white capsule containing 0.25 μ g cyanocobalamin Co 57 (nominal activity 0.5 μ Cl at activity date) bound to human gastric juice for oral administration.

One red/ivory capsule containing 0.25 μg cyanocobalamin Co 58 (nominal activity 0.8 μCi at activity date) for oral administration.

One ampule of unlabelled cyanocobalamin (1 mg) for intramuscular injection.

The patient dose should be measured by a suitable radioactivity calibration system immediately prior to administration. Care must be taken when measuring the activity in the Co 57 and Co 58 capsules because of the small amount of radioactivity present.

ADMINISTRATION AND TEST PROCEDURE*: The Dicopac test is performed in a manner similar to the Schilling test, however, with this test both Co 58 cyanocobalamin and Co 57 cyanocobalamin bound to intrinsic factor are administered simultaneously. Thus, both vitamin B₁₂ absorption and response to intrinsic factor are measured with the Dicopac test.

Both Dicopac capsules are orally administered to a fasting patient, who is instructed to collect all urine for the next 24 hours. An intramuscular injection of non-radioactive vitamin B_{12} is administered to the patient up to two hours after the radioactive capsules are administered.

After the total volume of urine is measured, aliquots are taken for counting. The urine samples and the Co 57 and Co 58 standards provided with the Dicopac Kit are counted using dual isotope counting procedures. This data is used to calculate the percent excretion of each radionuclide and the ratio of the percent excretion of Co 57 to the percent excretion of Co 58.

*Refer to "The Technical information for the Performance of the Dicopac Test" brochure provided with the Dicopac Kit for further information on procedural techniques.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS: The usual percent excretion values and the ratios obtained with Dicopac are presented in Table 1.

Table I. Results of 24-hour urine excretions and Co 57 ratios with Dicopac:

		Co 58	
	Mean values %		
Diagnosis	Co 57 + I.F.	Co 58	Co 57 Co 58 ratio
Normals Pernicious anemia and	18 (10-42)	18 (10-40)	0.7-1.3
certain gastric lesions Malabsorption syndromes	9 (6-12)	3 (0-7)	>1.7
not caused by lack of I.F.	<6	<6	0.7-1.3

A small number of patients have been found to excrete a "normal" (i.e., >10%) amount of Co 58, but these individuals exhibit elevated ratios (>1.4). The clinical significance of these findings is presently unclear.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Cobalt-57 decays by electron capture with a physical half life of 270 days. The primary gamma energy of Co 57 is about 122 KeV. Cobalt-58 decays by electron capture and positron and gamma emissions with a physical half life of 71 days. The primary gamma energy of Co 58 is 811 KeV. Photons that are useful for counting are listed in Table 1.1.2

Table I. Principal Radiation Emission Data

-	Radiation	Mean %/disintegration	Mean Energy
Co 57	Gamma -2 Gamma -3	87.1 9.6	(KeV) 121.9 136.3
Co 58	Beta -1 Gamma -1	15.0 99.4	203.7 810.5
Annihilation Radiation		30.0	511.0

1Dillman, L.T., Radionuclide Decay Schemes and Nuclear Parameters for Use in Radiation-Dose Estimation, Supplement No. 2. MIRD pamphlet No. 4, *J. Nucl. Med.*, p. 27, 1969.
201ilman, L.T., Radionuclide Decay Schemes and Nuclear Parameters for Use in Radiation-Dose Estimation, part 2, Supplement No. 4, MIRD pamphlet No. 6, *J. Nucl. Med.*, p. 16, 1970.

The specific gamma ray constant for Co 57 is 1.0 R/mCi-hr at 1 cm. For Co 58 it is 5.5 R/mCi-hr at 1 cm. The half value layer for Co 57 is 0.2mm of Pb. For Co 58 it is 9mm of Pb.

To correct for physical decay of these radionuclides, the fractions that remain at selected time intervals before and after the day of calibration are shown in Table II.

This table is not needed for routine calculation, as all counting is relative to the standards which have been prepared from the same batch of each of the radionuclides as the corresponding cyanocobalamin capsules.

Table II. Physical Decay Chart: Co 57, half life 270 days; Co 58, half life 71 days

Weeks Before Activity Date	Co 57 μCi	Weeks After Ci Co 58 μCi Activity Date Co 57 μCi			Co 58 µCi
10	0.60	1.48			
9	0.59	1.38	1	0.49	0.75
8	0.58	1.38	Ź	0.48	0.70
7	0.57	1,29	3	0.47	0.65
6	0.56	1.21	Ã.	0.47	0.61
5	0.55	1.13	5	0.46	0.57
4	0.54	1.05	6	0.45	0.53
3	0.53	0.98	7	0.44	0.50
2	0.52	0.92	8	0.43	0.46
1	0.51	0.86	9	0.43	0.43
0*	0.50	0.80	10	0.42	0.40

*Activity date

Whole-body⁴

RADIATION DOSIMETRY: The estimated absorbed radiation doses¹ to an average patient (70 kg) following the oral administration of one Dicopac capsule of Co 57 and one of Co 58 at calibrated nominal activities of 0.5 μ Ci and 0.8 μ Ci, respectively, are shown in Table 1.

Table I. Radiation Doses

Tissue	Absorbed Radiation Dose		
(rads/0.5	0.5 μCi Co 57 + Intrinsic Factor) Normal and Pernicious Anemia	(rads/0.8 Normal	μCi Co 58) Pernicious Anemia
Liver*	0.065	0.14	0.03
Stomach	0.000041	0.00027	0.00042
Small Intestine	0.00007	0.00043	0.0013
Upper Large Intestine	0.00013	0.00070	0.0021
Lower Large Intestine	0.00030	0.0018	0.0053
Testes*	0.0026	0.0074	0.00037
Ovaries*	0.0033	0.010	0.0021

*The administration of a flushing dose of non-radioactive B₁₂ will decrease the dose to the liver, gonads, and whole-body from Co 57 and Co 58 by about 30%.

0.012

0.0050

Method of Calculation: A Schema for Absorbed-Dose Calculation for Biologically Distributed Radionuclides, Supplement No. 1, MIRD pamphlet No. 1, J. Nucl. Med., p. 7, 1968.

HOW SUPPLIED: Each Dicopac Kit consists of five single-test cylinders and two 8 ml vials containing the standard solutions. The vial containing the blue solution is the Co 57 standard and the vial containing the yellow solution is the Co 58 standard. Each standard solution is prepared so that 1 ml of solution is equivalent to 2% of the total activity of each of the corresponding capsules.

Each cylinder contains two capsules and an ampule of unlabelled cyanocobalamin (1 mg). The red/ivory capsule contains 0.25 µg Co 58 cyanocobalamin (nominal activity 0.8 µCi at activity date). The purple/white capsule contains 0.25 µg Co 57 cyanocobalamin (nominal activity 0.5 µCi at activity date) bound to human gastric juice.

Dicopac Kits should be stored at 4°C and not used after the expiry date stated on the label.



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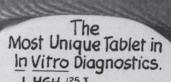
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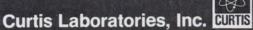


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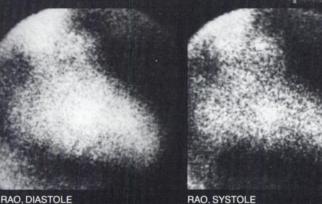
- 1. HGH 125 I
- 2. INSULIN 125 I
- 3. VITAMIN BIR 57CO 4. DIGOXIN 1251
- 5. DIGITOXIN 129
- 6.TETRAMUNO 1251
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9. ANGIOTENSIN 125[(READY ABOUT FEBRUARY, 1975)





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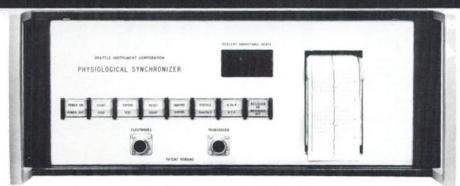
LAO, DIASTOLE



LAO, SYSTOLE

The RAO view shows akinesis of the lower antero-lateral wall and apex; and contraction of the inferior wall and high up the antero-lateral wall. The LAO view shows good contrac-

tion posteriorly and akinesis of the septal aspect of the chamber. Write or call for a portfolio of Brattlegated lung, liver and heart studies.



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Volume 16, Number 1 43A

New diphosphonate bone scanning agent offers high target to non-target ratio, rapid blood clearance

Your confidence in detecting bone lesions depends on the ability of the imaging agent you use to deliver consistently excellent scans. Three hours post injection, 40-50% of ^{99m} Tc-labeled OSTEOSCAN has been taken up in the skeleton. Only 6% remains in the blood. The remainder is excreted in the urine. Together with the agent's low soft tissue uptake, the high target to non-target ratio and rapid blood clearance result in clear delineation of skeletal lesions.

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For product and ordering information, call Mr. Arnold P. Austin at (513) 977-8547 or write: Procter & Gamble, Professional Services Division, P.O. Box 171, Cincinnati, Ohio 45201.

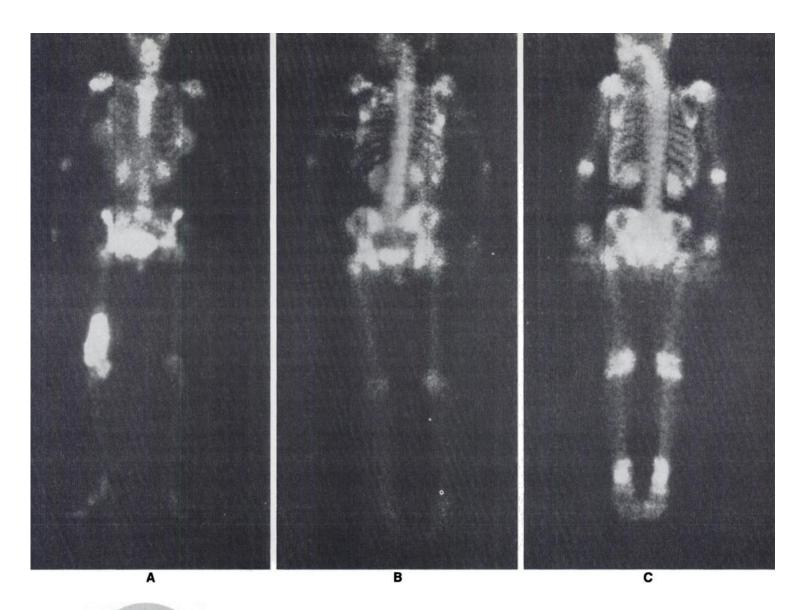
*Thin Layer Chromatography (Cellulose acetate/85% methanol)

A. 15 mCi 99m Tc-OSTEOSCAN
Scanned 3.5 hr post injection
Low-Energy, All-Purpose Collimator
Speed: 32 cm/min, Length: 173 cm, Width: 60 cm
Anterior: 834,518 counts/1070 sec (17.8 min)
Comments: Metastatic meningioma

B. 15 mCi ^{99m}Tc-OSTEOSCAN
Scanned 4 hr post injection
High Sensitivity Collimator
Speed: 32 cm/min, Length: 170 cm, Width: 60 cm
Posterior: 961,752 counts/1054.3 sec (17.6 min)
Comments: Cancer of breast. Polaroid image;
posterior view taken with detector under table

C. 15 mCi ^{99m} Tc-OSTEOSCAN Scanned 4 hr post injection Low-Energy, All-Purpose Collimator Speed: 48 cm/min, Length: 175 cm, Width: 60 cm Anterior: 927,833 counts/737.4 sec (12.3 min) Comments: Patient being treated for a lymphoma

(Above scans made with Searle Radiographics Pho/Gamma Scintiscan™)





SKELETAL IMAGING AGENT

See following page for brief summary of package insert.

Volume 16, Number 1 45A





Brief summary of Package Insert. Before using, please consult the full Package Insert included in each kit.

DESCRIPTION

Each vial of OSTEOSCAN contains 5.9 mg disodium etidronate and 0.16 mg stannous chloride as active ingredients. Upon addition of ADDITIVE-FREE 9°mTc-pertechnetate, these ingredients combine with 9°mTc to form a stable soluble complex.

ACTIONS (CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY)

When injected intravenously, 99mTc-labeled OSTEOSCAN has a specific affinity for areas of altered osteogenesis. Areas of bone which are undergoing neoplastic invasion often have an unusually high turnover rate which may be imaged with 99mTc-labeled OSTFOSCAN

Three hours after intravenous injection of 1 ml 99mTc-labeled OSTEOSCAN, an estimated 40-50% of the injected dose has been taken up by the skeleton. At this time approximately 50% has been excreted in the urine and 6% remains in the blood. A small amount is retained by the soft tissue. The level of 99mTc-labeled OSTEOSCAN excreted in the feces is below the level detectable by routine laboratory techniques. detectable by routine laboratory techniques.

INDICATIONS

OSTEOSCAN is a skeletal imaging agent used to demonstrate areas of altered osteogenesis.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

WARNINGS

This radiopharmaceutical should not be administered to patients who are pregnant or lactating unless the information to be gained outweighs the potential hazards.

Ideally, examinations using radiopharmaceuticals, especially those elective in nature, of a woman of childbearing capability should be performed during the first few (approximately 10) days following the onset of menses.

Radiopharmaceuticals should be used only by physicians who are qualified by specific training in the safe use and handling of radionuclides produced by nuclear reactor or particle accelerator and whose experience and training have been approved by the appropriate government agency authorized to license the use of radionuclides.

The 99mTc-generator should be tested routinely for molybdenum breakthrough and aluminum. If either is detected, the eluate should not be used

PRECAUTIONS

Both prior to and following 9°PTC-labeled OSTEOSCAN administration, patients should be encouraged to drink fluids. Patients should void as often as possible after the 9°PTC-labeled OSTEOSCAN injection to minimize background interference from accumulation in the bladder and unnecessary exposure to radiation.

As in the use of any other radioactive material, care should be taken to insure minimum radiation exposure to the patient, consistent with proper patient management, and to insure minimum radiation exposure to occupational workers.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The recommended adult dose of 99mTc-labeled OSTEOSCAN is 1 ml with a total activity range of 10-15 mCi. 99mTc-labeled OSTEOSCAN should be given intravenously by slow injection over a period of 30 seconds within three (3) hours after its preparation. Optimum scanning time is 3-4 hours postinjection. The patient dose should be measured by a suitable radioactivity calibration system immediately prior to administration.

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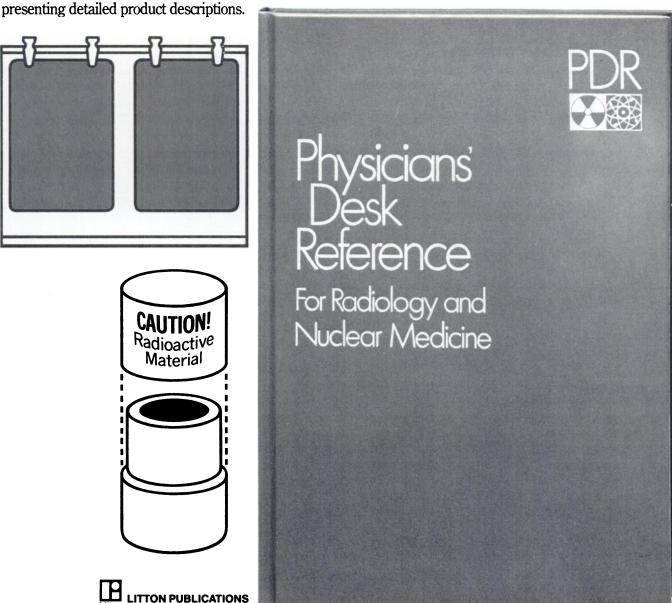
In addition, PDR for Radiology and Nuclear Medicine focuses specifically on equipment and instrumentation pertinent to radiology and nuclear medicine—presenting detailed product descriptions

PDR for Radiology and Nuclear Medicine also contains a valuable section on available postgraduate educational materials. And it presents an important editorial review of current techniques in nuclear medicine by M. Donald Blaufox, M.D., Phd. and Leonard M. Freeman, M.D....along with a discussion of the clinical application of radiopharmaceuticals and *in vitro* test kits found in the product information section.

Right now PDR for Radiology and Nuclear Medicine is still relatively new. But we feel it's already becoming one of the most valued reference sources around.

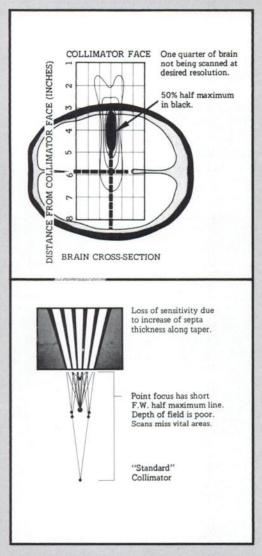
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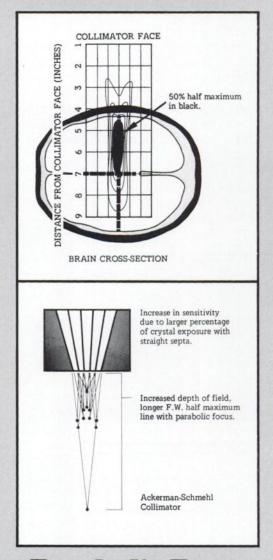
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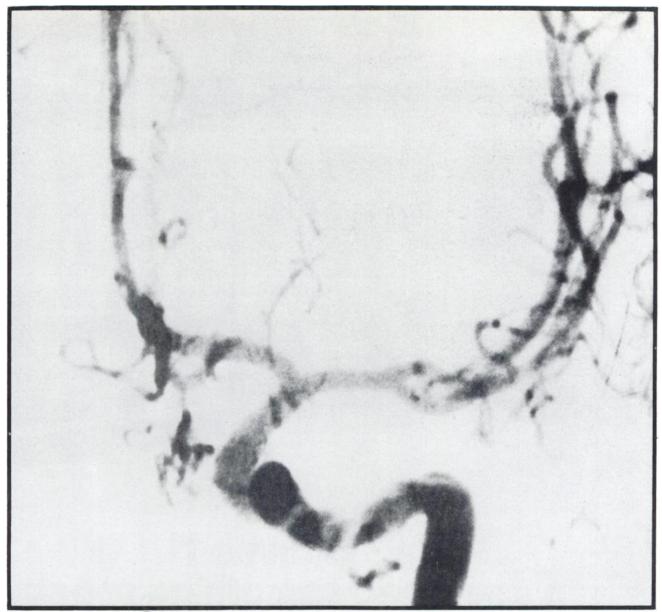
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Volume 16, Number 1 51A

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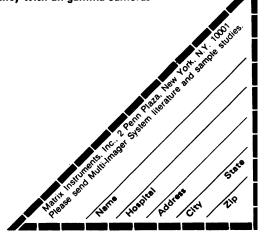
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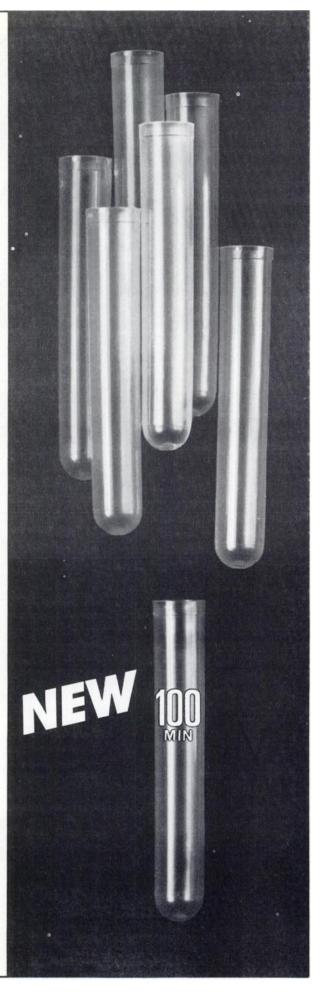
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Volume 16, Number 1 53A

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*Lancet, Sept 25, 693-694, 1971.

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RADIONUCLIDE **ANGIOGRAPHY**

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Leonard M. Freeman, M.D. and M. Donald Blaufox, M.D., Ph.D. Albert Einstein College of Medicine

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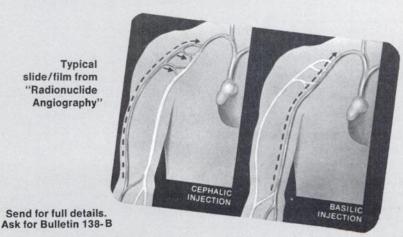
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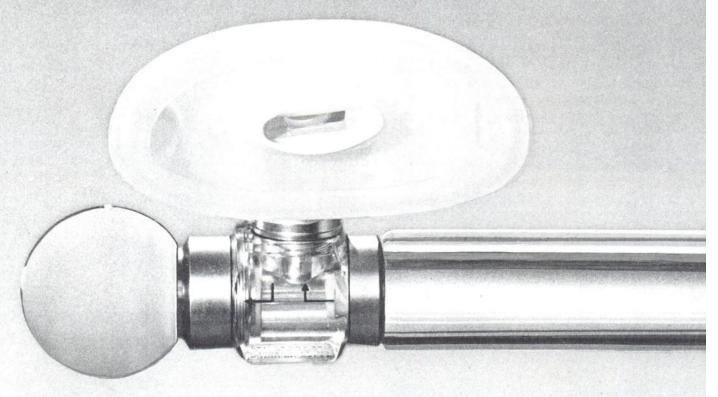
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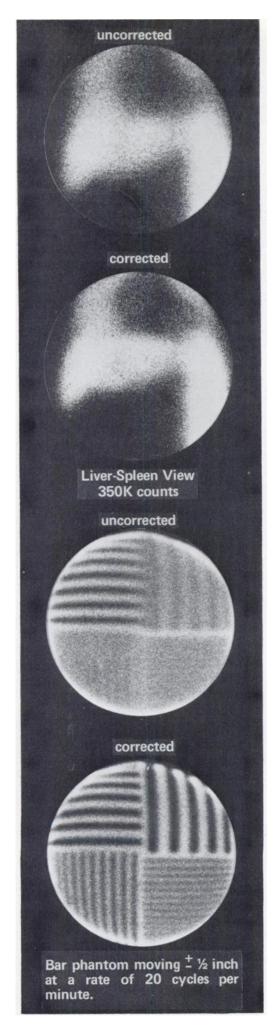
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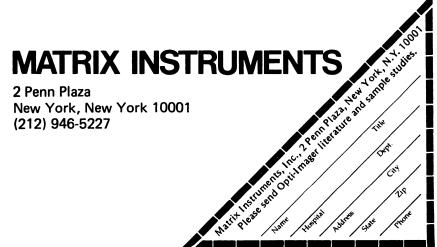
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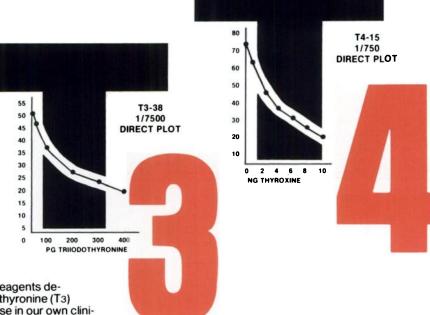
Low sample volume requirements: Only 0.1 ml for T3-38* Only 0.02 ml for T4-15*

Stability: Freeze-dried antisera are stable indefinitely if stored at -10°C, after reconstitution.

Proven Endocrine Sciences methodology supplied with each antisera.

Each vial sufficient for the immunoassay of 500 tubes.*

Expert technical assistance: experienced Endocrine Sciences professionals always readily accessible.



T3-38 and T4-15 are specific, high-affinity reagents developed for the radioimmunoassay of triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). Tested through routine use in our own clinical laboratories for over a year, T3-38 and T4-15 have been used in a simple RIA to determine T3 and T4 directly in plasma. The higher sensitivity and specificity of these antisera used in direct RIA offer distinct advantages over methods involving extraction and competitive protein binding. Increased sensitivity alone allows more precise measurement of T3 and T4 at critical lower physiological concentrations. Greater accuracy and precision are attained through elimination of errors associated with extraction and other sample processing.

Sensitivity: Standard curves normally obtained with T3-38 at a dilution of 1/7500 and T4-15 at a dilution of 1/750 are shown. Range and sensitivity of each curve were selected to measure generally encountered physiological concentrations of each hormone using sample volumes indicated above. The range of each can be adjusted to meet individual requirements by varying the dilution of the respective antiserum.

Specificity: T3-38 and T4-15 demonstrate very low crossreactivity

Multiple sample sizes with either T3-38 or T4-15 exhibit consistent linearity.

Hormone levels obtained in direct plasma RIA using T3-38 or T4-15 and those obtained after solvent extraction show no significant differences.

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Comparison of RIA using T4-15 with competitive protein binding:

Mean plasma T4 by RIA 9.5 ug% Mean plasma T4 by CPB 9.0 ug%

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Today there is no better way to measure thyroid hormone levels in plasma than by radioimmunoassay, but RIA is only as reliable as the antiserum employed.

Clinical and research laboratories have been using Endocrine Sciences specific thyroid hormone antisera for more than a year now with complete confidence. Why? Because our T3 and T4 antisera were developed to meet exacting standards of specificity and sensitivity. Our customers know that each batch of T3 and T4 antiserum undergoes extensive quality control testing before its shipment. Users of our T3 and T4 antisera also know that our biggest customer is Endocrine Sciences Clinical Services Laboratory where these antisera must meet our own rigid standards daily.

Our antisera and reagents are offered as components rather than kits, because we believe in allowing more sophisticated users greater flexibility in methodology without incurring the additional expense of unnecessary reagents. Optimal sensitivity and reliability are easily attained using recommended procedures, thus eliminating the variability associated with most RIA kits. Check our specifications, then contact us for complete technical bulletins or to arrange for shipment.

Other Endocrine Sciences quality RIA reagents including T3 and T4 free plasma, I125 hormones, and purified bovine serum albumin are also available. Inquiries should be directed to our products division.

^{*}Based on use of RIA procedure similar to that provided by Endocrine Sciences



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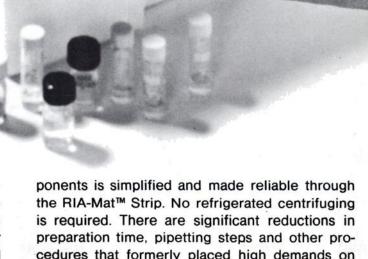


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TOP TECHNOLOGISTS WITH REGIStry and experience in nuclear medicine for Chief or staff positions in large new department. Urban northeast New Jersey. Excellent salary. Reply to Box 101, Society of Nuclear Medicine, 475 Park Ave. South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist for growing full-service nuclear medicine laboratory. Position is Chief Technologist. Must be registered nuclear medicine technologist—fully qualified to supervise in vivo and in vitro laboratories. Salary commensurate with qualifications. Submit resume and letter of interest to Box 102, Society of Nuclear Medicine, 475 Park Ave. South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

NUCLEAR MEDICAL TECHNOLOgist. Challenging position available immediately for an ASCP medical technologist (nuclear medicine). 441-bed progressive, university-sffiliated hospital, located in Louisville, Kentucky. Must be familiar with equipment and lab procedures for nuclear medicine. Good starting salary and pleasant working conditions in a well-equipped modern laboratory. Contact: Personnel Manager, Jewish Hospital, 217 E. Chestnut Street, Louisville, Ky. 40202.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist, certified or eligible. Position available March, 1975 as Chief Technologist. New 138-bed hospital with large outpatient clinic located on California coast between Santa Barbara and Monterey. Salary negotiable, with excellent fringe benefits. Please send resume to: Robert L. Waldron, II, M.D., 1911 Johnson Avenue, San Luis Obispo, Ca. 93401, Telephone: (805) 543-5358, Ext. 264.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist. Excellent opportunity for registered technologist with two years experience. New unit with very latest modern equipment. Excellent fringe benefits. Salary open. Contact Mr. Arthur Norton, Alameda Hospital, 2070 Clinton Avenue, Alameda, Ca. 94501, (415) 522-3700.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist, registered, nonregistered. Registered-nonregistered positions are available in our highly progressive nuclear medicine department for both registered nuclear medicine technicians and registry-eligible technicians in this field. We offer a comprehensive benefit program and salary structure which include provisions for future growth. Interested candidates should contact Personnel Department, Shadyside Hospital, 5230 Centre Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. 15232. An equal opportunity employer.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE IN VITRO SUpervisor. New position in large laboratory of a 1100-bed private hospital with medical school affiliation located in the Texas Medical Center. For individual with expertise, in in vitro radionuclide procedures including radioimmunoassay. Contact Staff Employment Manager, St. Luke's Episcopal, Texas Children's Hospital and Texas Heart Institute, P.O. Box 20269, Houston, Tex. 77025.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist. Immediate opening, 1100-bed private hospital with medical school affiliation in Texas Medical Center. Well-equipped expanding laboratory with four scintillation cameras and computer. Contact Staff Employment Manager, St. Luke's Episcopal, Texas Children's Hospital and Texas Heart Institute, P.O. Box 20269, Houston, Tex. 77025.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE RESEARCH Assistant. Challenging opportunity for individual interested in a non-routine position in a large academic department of Nuclear Medicine serving two hospitals in the

Texas Medical Center. Wide variety of duties includes collection of research data in several projects, photography and art work for publications, and setting up new radioimmunoassay procedures. Contact Staff Employment Manager, St. Luke's Episcopal, Texas Children's Hospital and Texas Heart Institute, P.O. Box 20269, Houston, Tex. 77025.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist, registered or registry-eligible. Staff position open in progressive 250-bed community hospital located in the foothills of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, 1.5 hours from San Francisco or Tahoe. Emphasis on imaging using gamma camera, single-and dual-probe scanners. Contact Christopher Martin, M.S., Nuclear Medicine Dept., Roseville Community Hospital, Roseville, Ca. 95678. Phone 916-783-9111.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist—Oklahoma's largest teaching hospital seeks registered or eligible technologists in expanding laboratory. Advanced clinical procedures with full range of cameras, scanners, computers and in vitro procedures including RIA. Excellent fringe benefits including three weeks paid vacation, paid health insurance, life insurance and fully paid retirement program. Contact Vernon Ficken, M.S., Technical Director, Nuclear Medicine, The University Hospital and Clinics, P.O. Box 26901, Oklahoma City, Ok. 73190. Call collect (405) 271-5143.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist. Expanding department seeks certified or eligible tech to fill new position. Duties will include imaging, both static and dynamic, as well as in vitro procedures, including RIA. Prefer exposure to RIA procedures but willing to train in this area. Please send detailed resume and salary requirements to: Personnel Manager, Eskaton American River Healthcare Center, 4747 Engle Road, Carmichael, Ca. 95608.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist: Certified or eligible. Immediate opening. Must have radiological technology background. Attractive salary, liberal fringe benefits, paid vacation, paid sick leave, retirement program, and paid life and hospital insurance. 50-bed, very progressive hospital, located just 45 miles west of the Palm Beaches on beautiful Lake Okeechobee. The Chief Technologist position available to right person. Contact: Everglades Memorial Hospital, 200 S. Barfield Highway, Pahokee, Fla. 33476. Telephone: 305/924-5201.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist. Immediate opening for clinical technologist, primarily a scanning position consisting of 30-40% pediatric procedures. A university-related teaching hospital participating in a nuclear medicine technology training program. Excellent salary and fringe benefit program including free tuition at St. Louis University. For information contact: Connie Brennan, Chief Technologist, Nuclear Medicine Department, Saint Louis University Hospitals, 1325 South Grand, St. Louis, Mo. 63104. 314-771-7600, sta 632.

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN A BACHElor of Science Degree in Nuclear Medicine Technology? Applications are now being received for enrollment. Starting dates: June, September, January. Veterans Administration Hospital, Little Rock, Arkansas, in affiliation with the University of Arkansas School of Health Related Professions. For further information, write: Allied Health Training Service (11C), Veterans Administration Hospital, 300 East Roosevelt Road, Little Rock, Ark. 72206, or phone (501) 372-8361, extension 485. An equal employment opportunity employer.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE RESIDENCY. Position in two-year residency program available July 1, 1975 at University of Chicago. Contact Bernard E. Oppenheim, M.D., Section of Nuclear Medicine, Box 429, The University of Chicago, 950 E. 59th Street, Chicago, Ill. 60637.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE RESIDENCY. Extensive clinical base of imaging, in vitro testing, in vivo testing, and therapy in combined university hospital—V.A. hospital program. Opportunities for clinical and laboratory research. Write: W. N. Tauxe, M.D., Professor of Radiology and Pathology (Nuclear Medicine), University of Alabama Hospitals, Birmingham, Ala. 35233. An equal opportunity employer.

RESIDENCY IN NUCLEAR MEDIcine—July 1, 1975. An active department of nuclear medicine in a 600-bed universityaffiliated teaching hospital. Department offers full range of nuclear medicine including investigation. Training approved either as part of internal medicine or radiology. Remuneration commensurate with level of training. Applications to: Dr. L. Reese, Department of Nuclear Medicine, St. Joseph's Hospital, London, Ontario, N6A 4V2, Canada.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE RESIDENCY. Approved two-year residency program in nuclear medicine at State University of New York at Buffalo. Salaries competitive and positions available July 1, 1975. Contact Merrill A. Bender, M.D., Program Director, Chief, Dept. of Nuclear Medicine, Roswell Park Memorial Institute, 666 Elm Street, Buffalo, N.Y.

POSITIONS WANTED

ARRT NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHnologist desires change. Graduate of Duke University School of Nuclear Medicine with several years field experience. Versed in opening and managing nuclear division. Please reply to Box 103, Society of Nuclear Medicine, 475 Park Ave. South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOgist desires a job in the educational end of nuclear medicine. B.S. in Education. Teaching experience. RT (ARRT) and NM (ASCP). Please reply to Box 104, Society of Nuclear Medicine, 475 Park Ave. South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

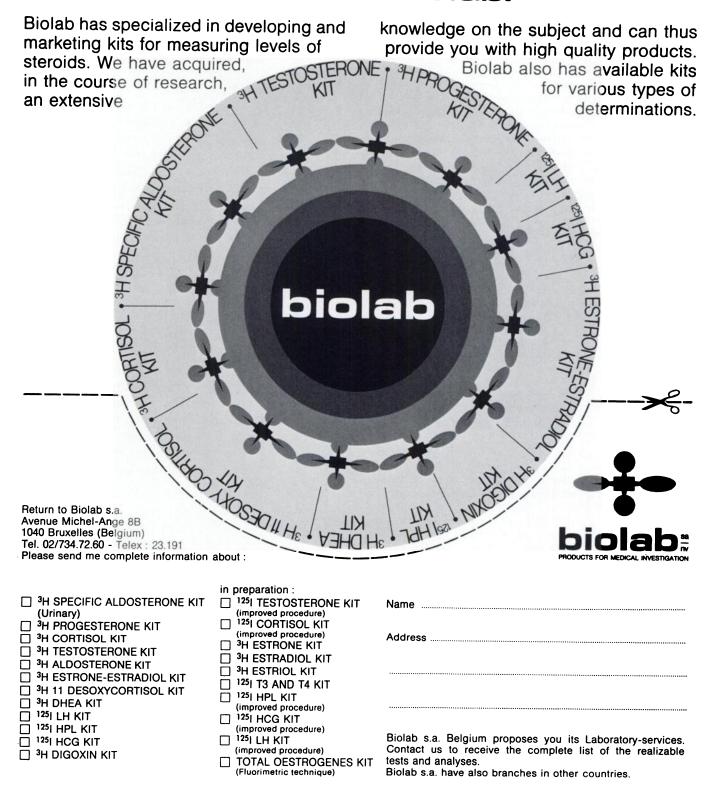
MS WITH GOOD EXPERIENCE IN major nuclear medicine lab seeks to manage your lab, including administration, teaching and expansion. Please reply to Box 105, Society of Nuclear Medicine, 475 Park Ave. South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

ARRT NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHnologist desires Chief/or Administrator position. Four years experience, approximately 2½ years as Chief at University Medical Center. New York City or San Francisco area preferred. Please reply to Box 106, Society of Nuclear Medicine, 476 Park Ave. South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE PHYSICIAN completing two-year university training in June '75, experienced in imaging, in vitro, research, thyroid diseases, and therapy, desires full-time position. Reply Box 107, Society of Nuclear Medicine, 475 Park Ave. South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

REGISTERED NUCLEAR MEDICINE technologist, seven years experience, five years as chief technologist. Experience includes budget forecasting, scanner and camera imaging, and RIA experience. Reply Box 108, Society of Nuclear Medicine, 475 Park Ave. South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

If you need a good kit for evaluation of steroids, contact Biolab.



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UNIVERSITY OF THE WITWATERSRAND AND THE TRANSVAAL PROVINCIAL ADMINISTRATION

Full-time Professor of Nuclear Medicine and Chief Specialist in Nuclear Medicine at the Johannesburg Group of Teaching Hospitals

Applications are invited for appointment to the post of full-time Professor of Nuclear Medicine and Chief Specialist in Nuclear Medicine on the joint staff of the University and the Johannesburg Group of Teaching Hospitals.

The Professor of Nuclear Medicine will be in charge of an autonomous University Department and will be responsible to the Senate and Council in all matters pertaining to teaching and research. In his capacity as Chief Specialist in Nuclear Medicine, the Professor will be responsible to the Superintendent of the Johannesburg Hospital for the provision of clinical services involving the use of radioisotopes.

The salary attached to the appointment is R15,-600 (fixed).

Intending applicants are advised to obtain a copy of the Information Sheet relating to the post from the Registrar, University of the Witwatersrand, Jan Smuts Avenue, Johannesburg 2000, South Africa, with whom applications should be lodged not later than 28th February 1975.

JNM CLASSIFIED PLACEMENT SERVICE SECTION

This section in the Journal of Nuclear Medicine contains "Positions Open", "Positions Wanted", and "For Sale" listings. Nondisplay "Positions Wanted" ads by members of the Society are billed at 30¢ per word for each insertion with no minimum rate. Nondisplay "Positions Wanted" ads by nonmembers and all nondisplay "Positions Open" and "For Sale" ads by members and nonmembers are charged at 65¢ per word, with a minimum of \$15. Display advertisements are accepted at \$50 for 1/8 page, \$90 for 1/4 page, \$165 for 1/2 page, and \$295 for a full page. Closing date for each issue is the 15th of the second month preceding publication. Agency commissions and cash discounts are allowed on display ads only. Box numbers are available for those who wish them.

Please note our new address:

Journal of Nuclear Medicine 475 Park Avenue South New York, N.Y. 10016

SNM MID-EASTERN CHAPTER FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING

Annapolis Hilton

April 11–13, 1975 Annapolis, Maryland

Call for Abstracts

The submission of abstracts of original contributions in nuclear medicine is requested for consideration for the scientific program. The chapter is offering \$100 and \$50 prizes respectively for the two best scientific papers presented. To be eligible for consideration for the prize, papers must represent unpublished, original work by the authors. (Unpublished papers, submitted for publication and not previously presented, are eligible.) Abstracts of competitive papers must be received by the deadline. Papers will be judged on originality, significance to nuclear medicine, and the quality of the work and its presentation.

Guidelines for abstracts:

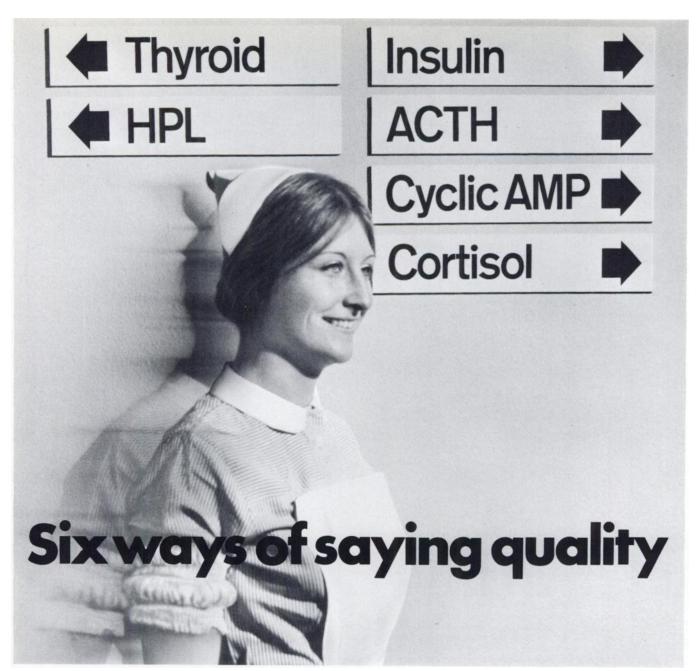
- Abstract should contain a statement of purpose, methods used, results, and conclusions.
- 2. Abstract should not exceed 300 words.
- Give title of paper and name of author(s)
 as you wish them to appear on the program. Underline the name of the author
 who will present the paper.
- 4. Send abstract and four copies to:

WM. ALLAN DEAR, M.D. Mercy Hospital 301 St. Paul Place Baltimore, Maryland 21202

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY NUCLEAR MEDICINE RESIDENCY PROGRAM

Resident position is available beginning September 1, 1975. Stanford is an equal opportunity affirmative action employer and specifically seeks applications from women and members of minority groups.

For further information, write to:

JOSEPH P. KRISS, M.D.

Director of Nuclear Medicine
Stanford University Medical Center
Stanford, Ca. 94305

THE NUCLEAR MEDICINE INSTITUTE CONTINUING EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR PHYSICIANS IN NUCLEAR MEDICINE

The Nuclear Medicine Institute will hold a 4-week comprehensive course for physicians in nuclear medicine. This program is geared to the physician interested in continuing education in nuclear medicine and to those preparing to participate in the various specialty board examinations in nuclear medicine. A unique interrupted schedule format has been chosen so that maximum duration away from home will be five days at a time. Classes will be held the weeks of:

February 17–21, 1975 April 14–18, 1975 March 17–21, 1975 May 12–16, 1975

Sessions will be five days each, Monday thru Friday. Subject materials will be intermixed and cumulative.

For further information, contact:

D. Bruce Sodee, M.D., Director Nuclear Medicine Institute 6760 Mayfield Road Cleveland, Ohio 44124

Consultant in Nuclear Medicine in London

Applications are invited for the full-time or maximum parttime post of Consultant in Nuclear Medicine in a new Department of Nuclear Medicine at King's College Hospital within the King's Health District and the Brook General Hospital within the Greenwich & Bexley Area Health Authority.

Candidates should be medically qualified. The successful applicant will be expected to co-ordinate and develop the Nuclear Medicine activities of the two hospital groups, and to plan the further developments of the Department at King's College Hospital. He will also collaborate in research and undertake teaching of undergraduate and postgraduate levels.

Further information may be obtained from the District Personnel Administrator, King's College Hospital, Denmark Hill, London, S.E.5 9RS England. Tel: 274-6222 Ext. 2724/8, to whom applications should be submitted by three weeks after date of insertion.

NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOGIST

Applicants are invited from registered nuclear medicine technologists for a staff position in the nuclear medicine department.

Apply to:

Miss F. Des Autels, RTRNM, Sub-Department of Nuclear Medicine, Royal Victoria Hospital, 687 Pine Avenue West, Montreal, Quebec H3A 1A1.

Tel: 842-1251 ext. 766 or 767

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Exceptional opportunity to join the staff of the sixth busiest nuclear medicine department in the Chicago Metropolitan area.

You'll work with new equipment, in modern hospital facilities just 45 minutes Southeast of Chicago.

Candidates must be ARRT or ASCP registered, with at least one year of experience.

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(Salary \$19,612 to \$22,060, according to experience, plus 12.5% in lieu of Private Practice)

Applications are invited for the position of Director of Nuclear Medicine from medical practitioners with appropriate postgraduate qualifications enabling registration in South Australia as a specialist, and extensive experience in nuclear medicine. (The present director has resigned to take up a position in the United States.)

The Institute's Division of Nuclear Medicine is in the Royal Adelaide Hospital. It is very well equipped with modern imaging facilities, including two Pho-Gamma H.P. scintillation cameras, a dual 5-inch-detector whole-body rectilinear scanner, and a standard 3-inch rectilinear scanner. A third camera will soon be delivered.

Installation of a dedicated laboratory computer is now under consideration, to replace the extensive use being made of the University of Adelaide's CDC 6400 computer. The Division also has a multi-probe detector system for kinetic studies, and a full range of beta and gamma sample-counting equipment. A wellequipped radiopharmaceutical laboratory staffed by two radiochemists produces radiopharmaceuticals. Brain blood-flow studies have been very highly developed. Computer applications and programming are carried out by two physicists. The total staff is over 20.

Approximately 13,000 procedures are performed per annum. The responsibilities of the Division also include operation of the whole-body counter in the Royal Adelaide Hospital. The department is and will remain the main central facility of its kind in South Australia. With the introduction of ultrasound and an E.M.I. scanner, close co-operation with the hospital department of radiology is under consideration to cover a full range of organ imaging.

Applications stating full name; place, date and year of birth; nationality; marital status; past and present employment; details of academic record and qualifications; experience and published work; together with the names of three referees, should be sent to the Director, Box 14, Rundle Street Post Office, Adelaide, South Australia 5000.



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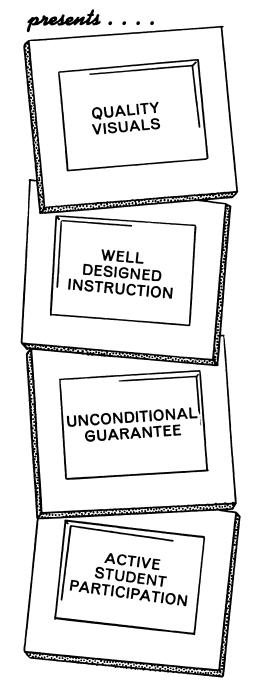
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- S I–7. Radionuclides and the Heart
 William Kaplan, B. Leonard Holman, Salvador Treves, and
 S. James Adelstein
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 John Harbert

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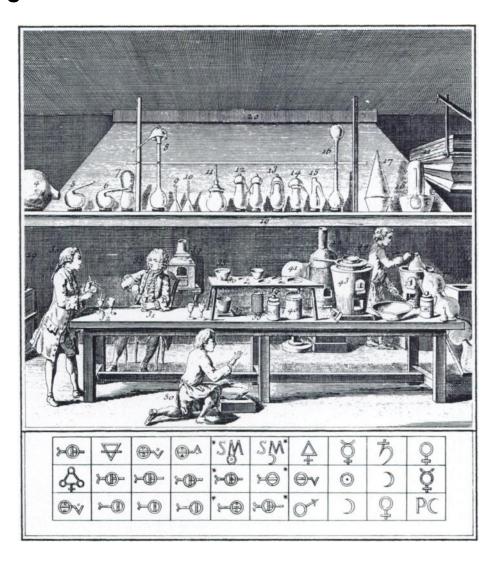
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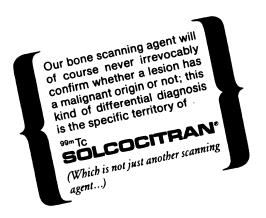
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(Just another one – but ours)

contains over 99.5% 99mTc-DTPA.

If this is hard to believe, write us: we will give the method to test it for yourself.

Therefore, of course: NO free pertechnetate in the thyroid, choroid plexus, salivary glands or stomach, and NO liver uptake due to colloids.

Because of its purity, Solcoscint DTPA is a manifold product:

- for brain scans
- for kidney scans and function studies (GFR,...)
- for stomach emptying time
- for dynamic studies of the heart, lung, extremities

without exposing your patient to the 50 times higher total-body dose he gets with an equivalent dose of ^{99m} Tc-pertechnetate...

In BRAIN scans the procedure is shortened due to the rapid elimination of (pure) ^{99m}Tc-DTPA. There is no interference by the choroid plexus, even without previous perchlorate administration.

The higher target-to-non-target ratio results in clearer images with a better impact.

The lower radiation exposure and the fast elimination allow repetition of the examination very soon (from 6 hours on) after the first one, if necessary.

In KIDNEY studies it is again the radiopharmaceutical PURITY allowing quantitative functional studies.

STOMACH EMPTYING TIME is another quantitative measurement requiring the highest purity of the radiopharmaceutical: Pertechnetate wouldn't do for stomachal studies...



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****Tc SOLCOSCINT* DIPHOSPHATE

A sterile pyrogen free kit which forms a bone scanning agent on the addition of ^{99m}Tc-pertechnetate. Each vial contains enough lyophilized reagent to examine one patient.

Shelf life:

The kit is stable for more than 6 months (stored in the refrigerator).

Preparation:

Single step preparation. Just add ^{99m} Tc-pertechnetate from any commercial generator and shake briefly.

Radiopharmaceutical data of the injectable preparation:

99m Tc-Diphosphate content: > 99%
99m Tc0₁ content: < 1%

Content of Diphosphate/Tin/99 Tc-

complex:

99m Tc bound in Diphosphate:

DL₅₀:

Volume:
pH:

26.0 mg
0.2 ng/mCi
62 mg/kg
2-6 ml
pH:

~ 6.5

Aspect: colourless fluid Administration: intravenously

Side effects and adverse reactions: none

Administered dose:

5-10 mCi

Optimal scanning time:

3-4 hours following intravenous injection.

Patients with renal insufficiency or older patients with slower blood clearance should be scanned 5-6 hours following injection. Patients under 25 years of age can be scanned after 2 hours.

Indications:

Inflammatory diseases of the joint, osteolytic and osteoblastic bone processes, primary bone metastases, bone tumors plasmocytoma, Paget's Disease, Morbus Bechterew, bone fractures, other bone diseases.

References:

- 1. Secrest, R. J., Mockett, R. E. Bone imaging techniques using 99mTc-labeled compounds. J. Nucl. Med.Techn. 4: 21-42, 1973
- 2. Barker, J. P. ** Drophosphate A new bone-seeking nuclide. J. Nucl. Med. Tech. 1: 24-26, 1973
- 3. Hosain, F., et al. Comparison of 18F, 87mSr, and ^{99m}Tc-labeled Polyphosphate, Diphosphonate, and Pyrophosphate for bone scanning. J. Nucl. Med. 14: 410, 1973

****Tc SOLCOSCINT* DTPA

A sterile pyrogen free kit which forms a brain and kidney scanning agent on the addition of ^{99m}Tc-pertechnetate. Each vial contains enough lyophilized reagent to examine one patient.

Shelf life:

The kit is stable for more than 6 months (stored in the refrigerator).

Preparation:

Single step preparation. Just add ^{99m} Tc-pertechnetate from any commercial generator and shake briefly.

Radiopharmaceutical data of the injectable preparation:

 99 m Tc-DTPA content:
 > 99%

 99 m TcO $\frac{1}{4}$ content:
 < 1%</td>

 DTPA/Sn/99 m Tc-complex:
 36.8 mg

 99 m Tc bound in DTPA:
 0.19 ng/mCi

 DL₅₀:
 163 mg/kg

 Volume:
 2-6 ml

 pH:
 ~ 7

Aspect: colourless fluid Shelf life: 3 hours Administration: intravenously

Side effects and adverse reactions: none

Administered dose:

Brain Studies: Dynamic: 15-25 mCi

Static: according to scanner or camera

specifications.

Kidney Studies: Dynamic: 2-4 mCi

Static: 2-4 mCi

Optimal scanning time:

Static brain studies:

Dynamic brain studies: immediately after application

early scan: after 10-30 min. late scan: after 2-3 hours early scan: after 10-30 min.

late scan: after 2-3 hours

Static kidney studies: 1-3 hours and later

Indications:

Dynamic and static brain studies; detection of brain tumors and other space occupying lesions

Kidney scanning and kidney function studies

Gastric emptying time

Dynamic studies of the heart, lungs and extremities.

References

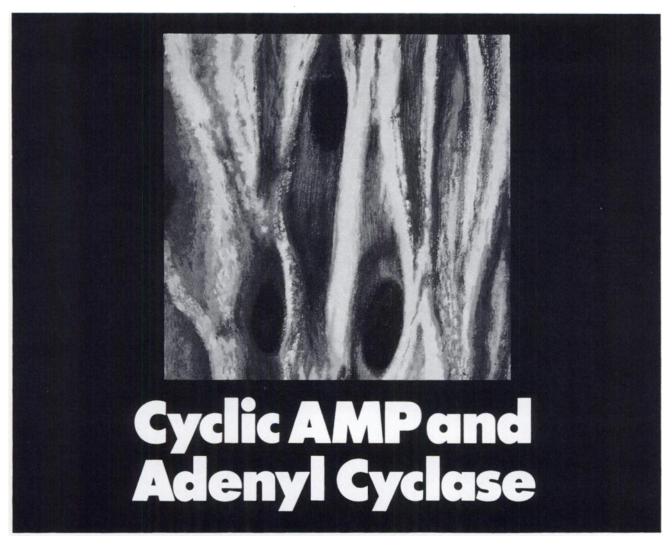
- 1. Hauser, W., et al. Technetium-99m-DTPA: A new radiopharmaceutical for brain and kidney scanning. Radiology 94: 679-684, 1970
- Sziklas, J. J., Hosain, F., et al. Comparison of **Pyb-DTPA, 113In-DTPA, 14C-inulin and endogenous creatinine to estimate glomerular filtration. J. Nucl. Biol. Med. 15: 122, 1971
- Chaudhuri, T. K. Use of ^{99m}Tc-DTPA for measuring gastric emptying time, J. Nucl. Med. 6: 391–395, 1974



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-we've got the measure of both

The only commercially available cyclic AMP kit for

- Direct assay of plasma cyclic AMP without tedious extraction methods or recovery corrections
- Simple and accurate assay of adenyl cyclase activity free from non-specific interference
- Confidence in results by eliminating errors in crude tissue extracts
- Convenient double linear plotting of results and freeze dried reagents for maximum stability and storage time

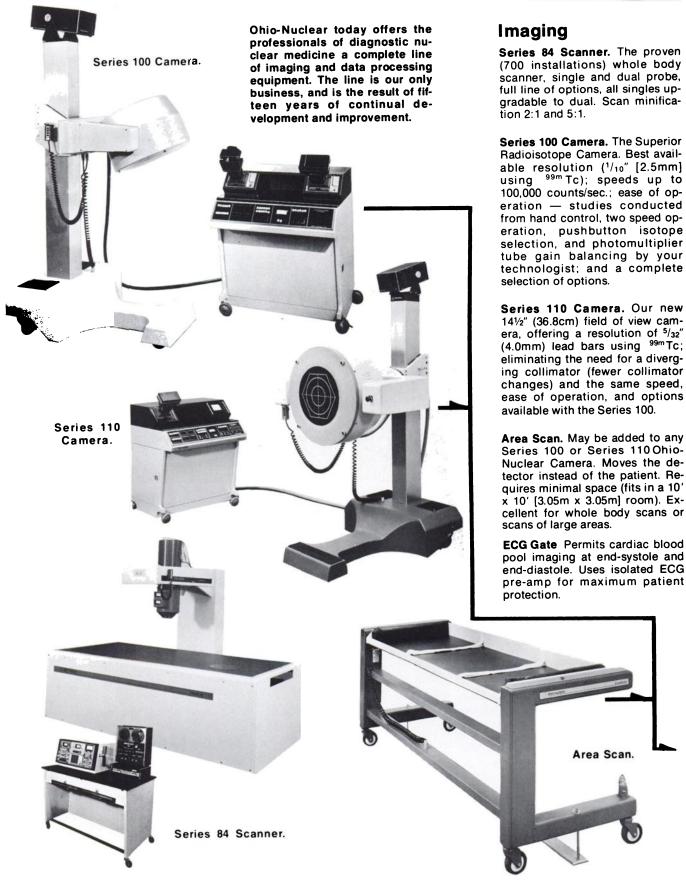
Our cyclic AMP assay kit makes use of the high specificity and affinity for cyclic AMP of a highly purified and stabilized binding protein from bovine muscle. This is combined with an improved charcoal separation step. The result is freedom from interference in the assay of adenyl cyclase by materials likely to be present in crude tissue extracts. Also by measuring cyclic AMP formed from cold ATP most of the difficulties encountered in adenyl cyclase assays using labelled ATP are eliminated. Full information available on request.



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there's more to our image



than better resolution

Processing

Series 160 DataSystem. A complete digital imaging system offering non-flickering interactive video display; fast dynamic studies (up to 50 frames/sec. with no data loss); optional variable persistance viewing; high resolution (up to 16K-128 x 120 matrixdepending on selected mode of operation); CRT viewing of isometric displays, profile histograms and uptake studies; 8, 16, or continuous color video presentation; computer compatible (uses 9 track 800 B.P.I. tape); up to 16 rectangular and/or 6 irregular regions of interest; contrast enhancement; alpha numeric display; field uniformity correction; and statistical smoothing.

Series 75 DataSystem. An economical storage and retrieval system that will record and playback studies, playback, in compressed time, and which offers histograms, 2 regions of interest, and variable framing rate on playback for recording dynamic studies on film.

Series 160 List Mode. Allows collection of dynamic study data in real time, and playback at variable framing rates of up to 50 frames/sec. at 16K resolution.

Hewlett Packard 9830 A programmable calculator which, when interfaced with a Series 160 or Series 75 DataSystem, permits automatic calculation of significant pre-selected parameters such as ejection fraction, washout half-times, etc.

Ultimat. A variable format recording camera which permits storing up to 42 frames of a dynamic study on a single film. Will also store a combination of images and a whole body image, or two whole body images with separate controllable intensities. Utilizes either 5" x 7" or 8" x 10" film.



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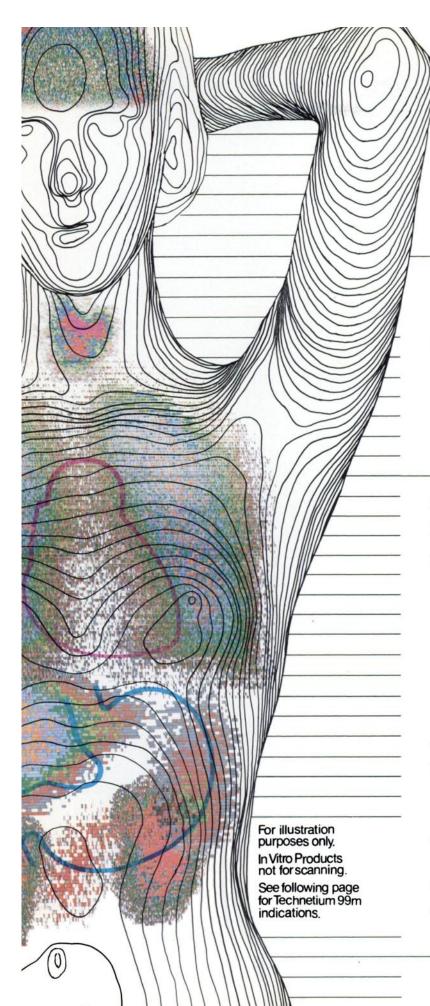
And there's the **Angiotensin I IMMUTOPE® Kit** for the simple, accurate estimate of plasma renin activity. Premeasured, matched reagents make daily mixing and repeat reagent blanks unnecessary.



Fast binding, fast adsorption and fast results are yours with THYRO-STAT *-3 and THYROSTAT *-4—our diagnostic combination for evaluating thyroid function. And it's the THYROSTAT tablet from Squibb that makes the difference.



QUALITY IN VITRO PRODUCTS developed and manufactured by Squibb Research Personnel



WHAT'S NEW SQUIBB?



MINITEC™ (Technetium 99m) Generator—The Technetium 99m Generator using fission product molybdenum to produce technetium 99m.

The new Minitec Generator from Squibb is unlike any generator you've ever used — made small to make sense. Designed for easy handling

- MINITEC has its own handle for easy lifting, easy carrying and reduced hand exposure
- Weighs only 24½ lbs., less than 5" in diameter, under 8½" high

Designed for easy elution

- Sets up in seconds
- Elutes in only 3 minutes after eluent vial has emptied Designed for safety
- · No exposed tubing when eluting
- 1%" lead surrounds the MINITEC column and...
 ...another 1½" lead protection from MAXI-SHIELD
 That means 3½" of lead reduces radiation from the column by 99.98%.

MAXÍ-SHIELD™ is 137 pounds of interlocking lead half rings for easy assembly, easy use, but *no* direct line of radiation.

Just remove the cap for elution, replace for constant shielding when not in use. The new MINITEC Generator is available in 50, 100, 200, and 300 mCi potencies. And MAXI-SHIELD you get free with your first MINITEC Generator purchase.

See following page for brief summary.



Minitec™ (Technetium 99m)

Generator



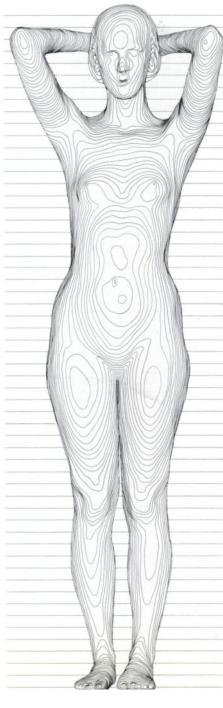
Minitec™ (Technetium 99m) Generator provides a means of obtaining a sterile, non-pyrogenic supply of technetium 99m (99mTc) as sodium pertechnetate 99mTc.

Indications: Sodium pertechnetate me Tc is indicated for brain imaging, thyroid imaging, salivary gland imaging, blood pool imaging, and placenta localization.

Contraindications: At present, there are no known contraindications to the use of sodium pertechnetate **Tc.

Warnings: Radiopharmaceuticals should be used only by physicians who are qualified by specific training in the safe use and safe handling of radionuclides, produced by nuclear reactor or cyclotron, and whose experience and training have been approved by the appropriate federal or state agency authorized to license the use of radionuclides.

This radiopharmaceutical should not be administered to women who are pregnant or who may become pregnant or during lactation unless the information to be obtained outweighs the possible potential risks from the radiation exposure involved. Ideally, examinations using radiopharmaceuticals, especially those elective in nature, of a woman of child-bearing capability should be performed



during the first few (approximately 10) days following the onset of menses.

Since radioactive pertechnetate is secreted in milk during lactation, formulafeedings should be substituted for breastfeedings.

Important: Since material obtained from the generator may be intended for intravenous administration, aseptic technique must be strictly observed in all handling. Only the eluent provided should be used to elute the generator. Do not administer material eluted from the generator if there is any evidence of foreign matter.

Precautions: As in the use of any other radioactive material, care should be taken to insure minimum radiation exposure to the patient consistent with proper patient management and to insure minimum radiation exposure to occupational workers.

At the time of administration, the solution should be crystal clear.

Adverse Reactions: At present, adverse reactions have not been reported following the use of sodium pertechnetate **TC.

For complete prescribing information, consult package insert.

How Supplied: Minitec (Technetium 99m) Generator is available in potencies of 50, 100, 200, and 300 mCi. Supplied with the generator are vials of eluent containing 5 ml. of a sterile, non-pyrogenic solution of 0.9% sodium chloride in water for injection. Also supplied is suitable equipment for eluting, collecting, and assaying the technetium 99m.



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